



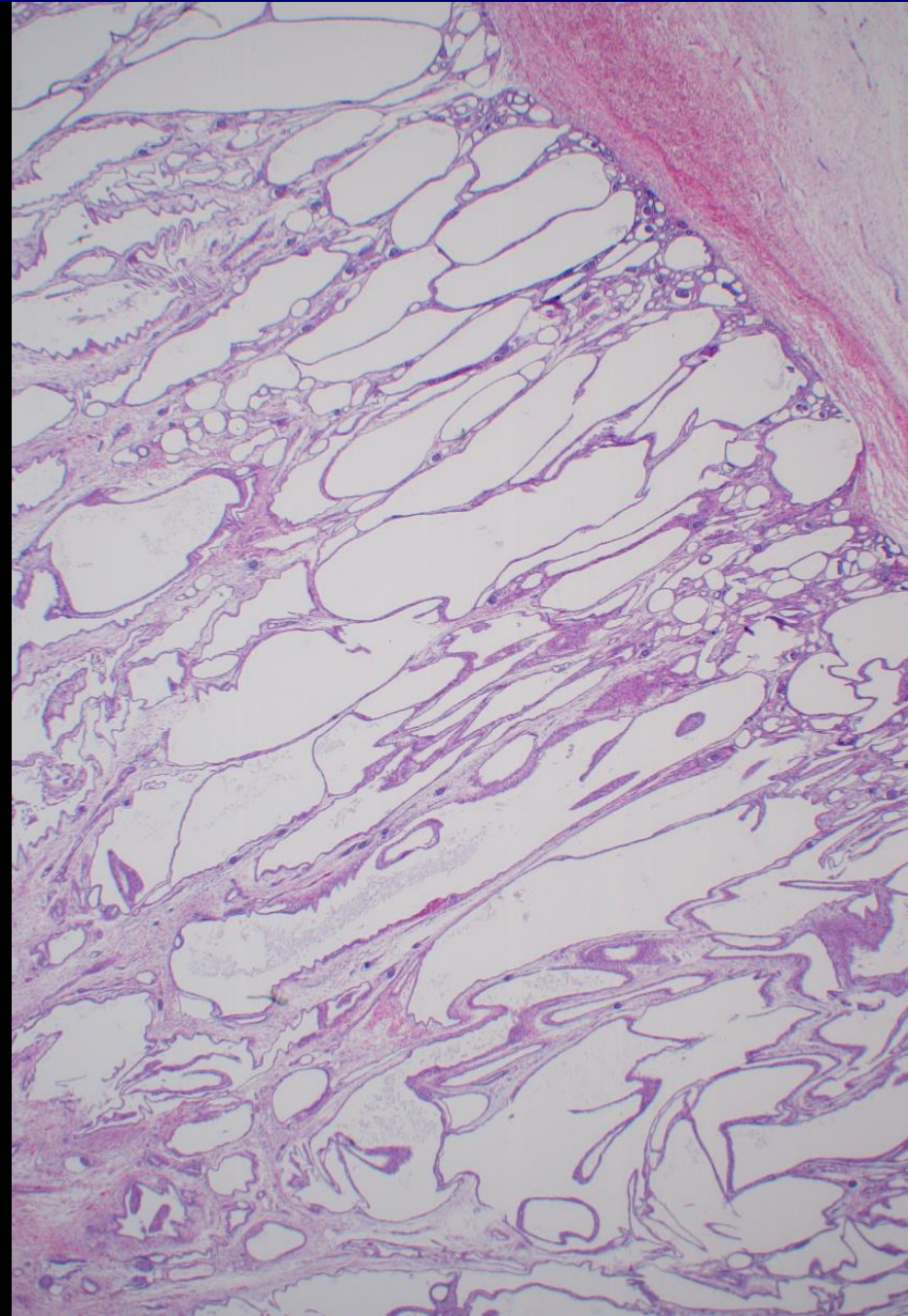
IAP; Case Presentation 2

Amer Heider, M.D.

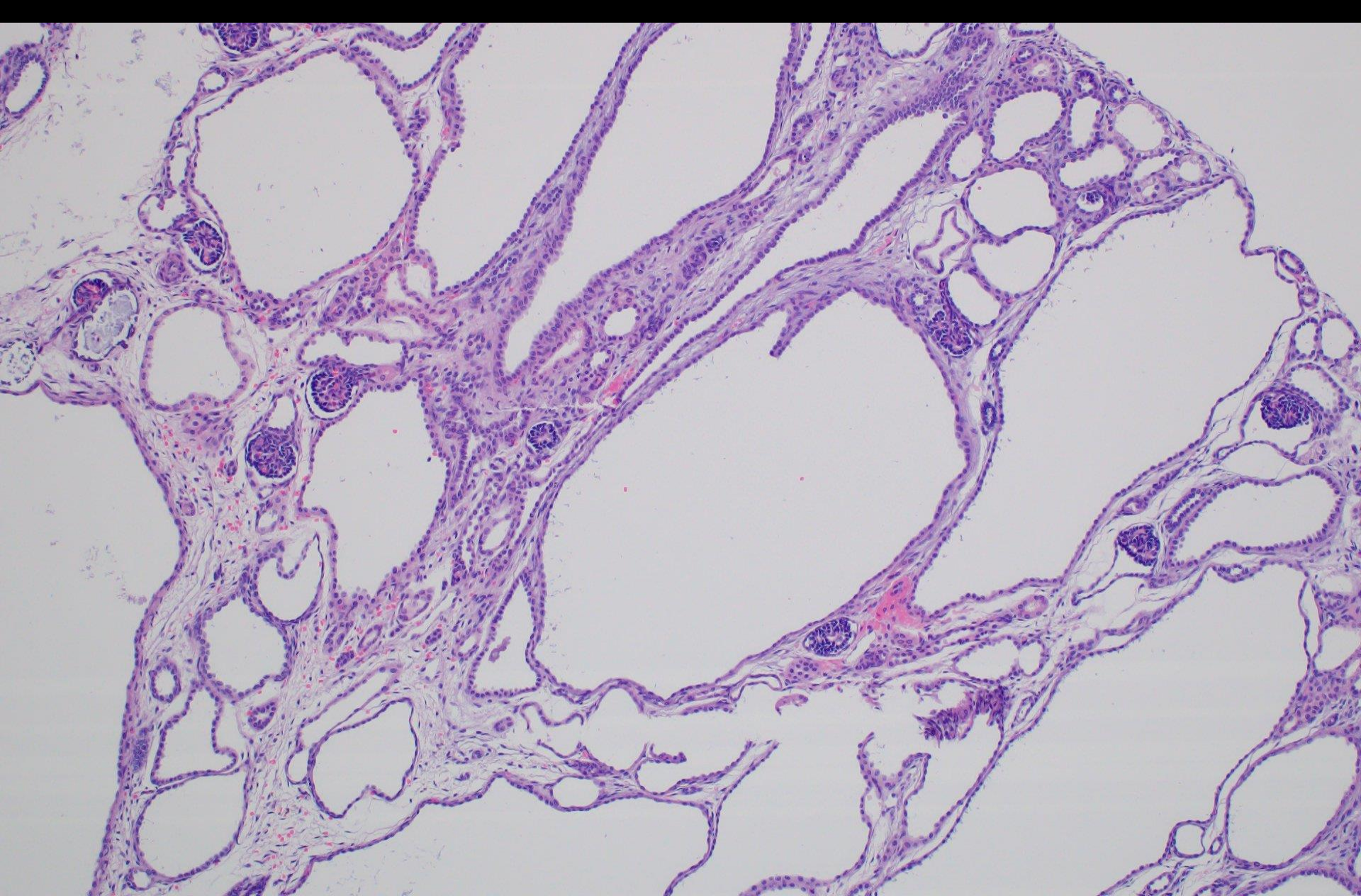
Assistant Professor of Pathology

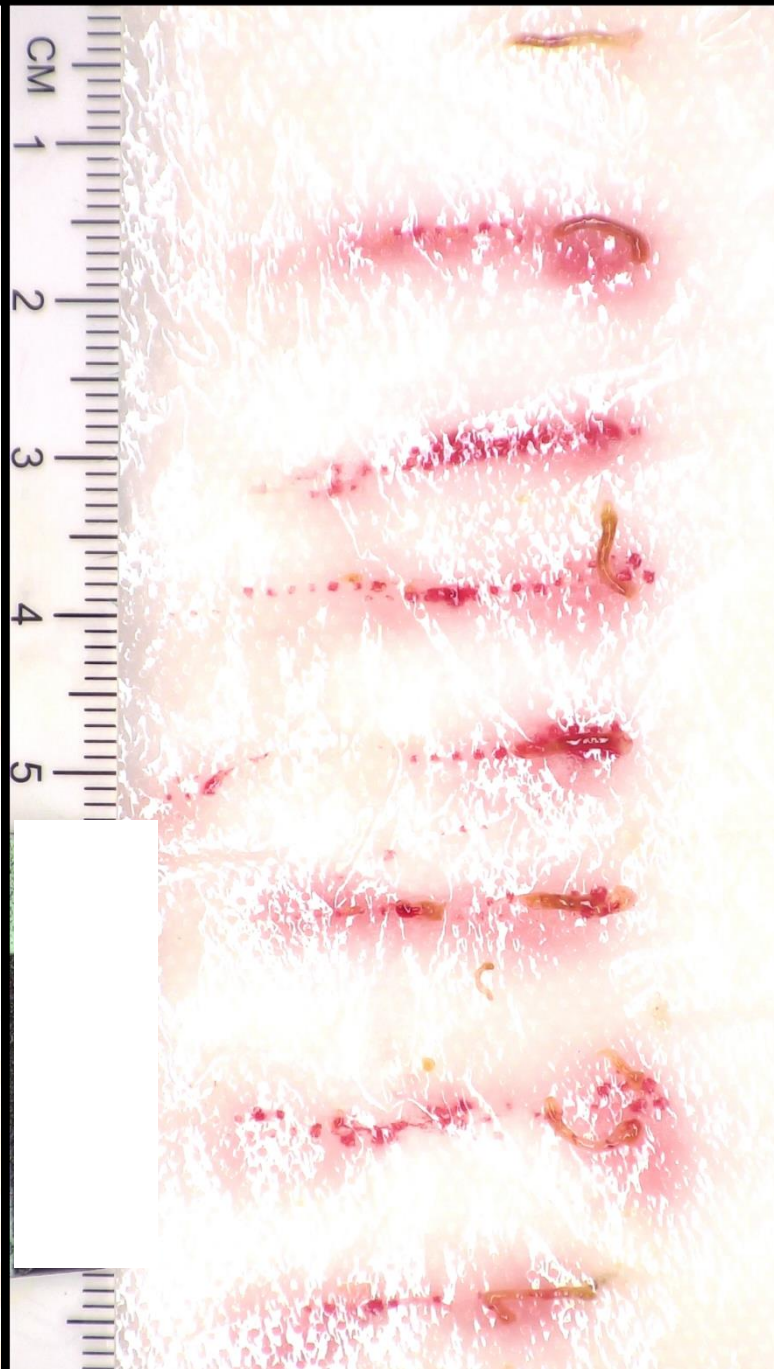
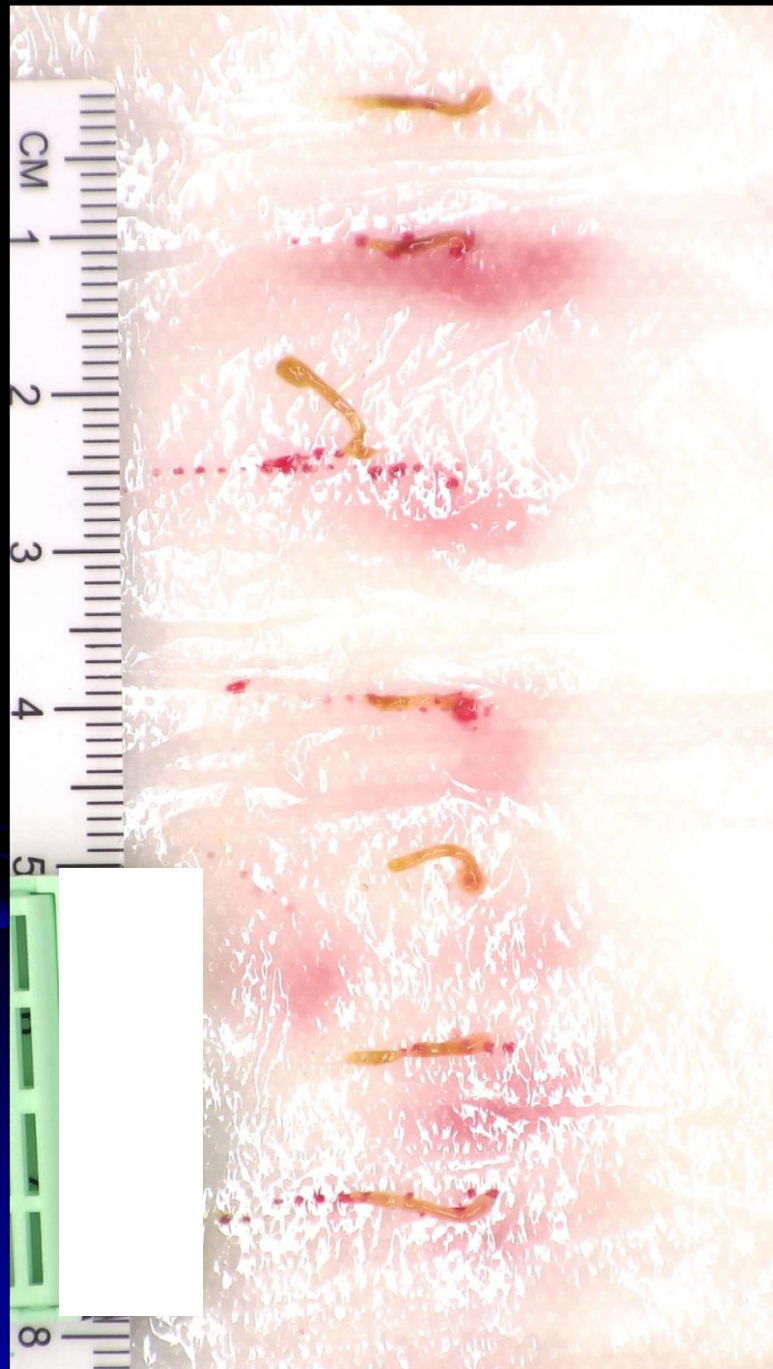
10/17/2018

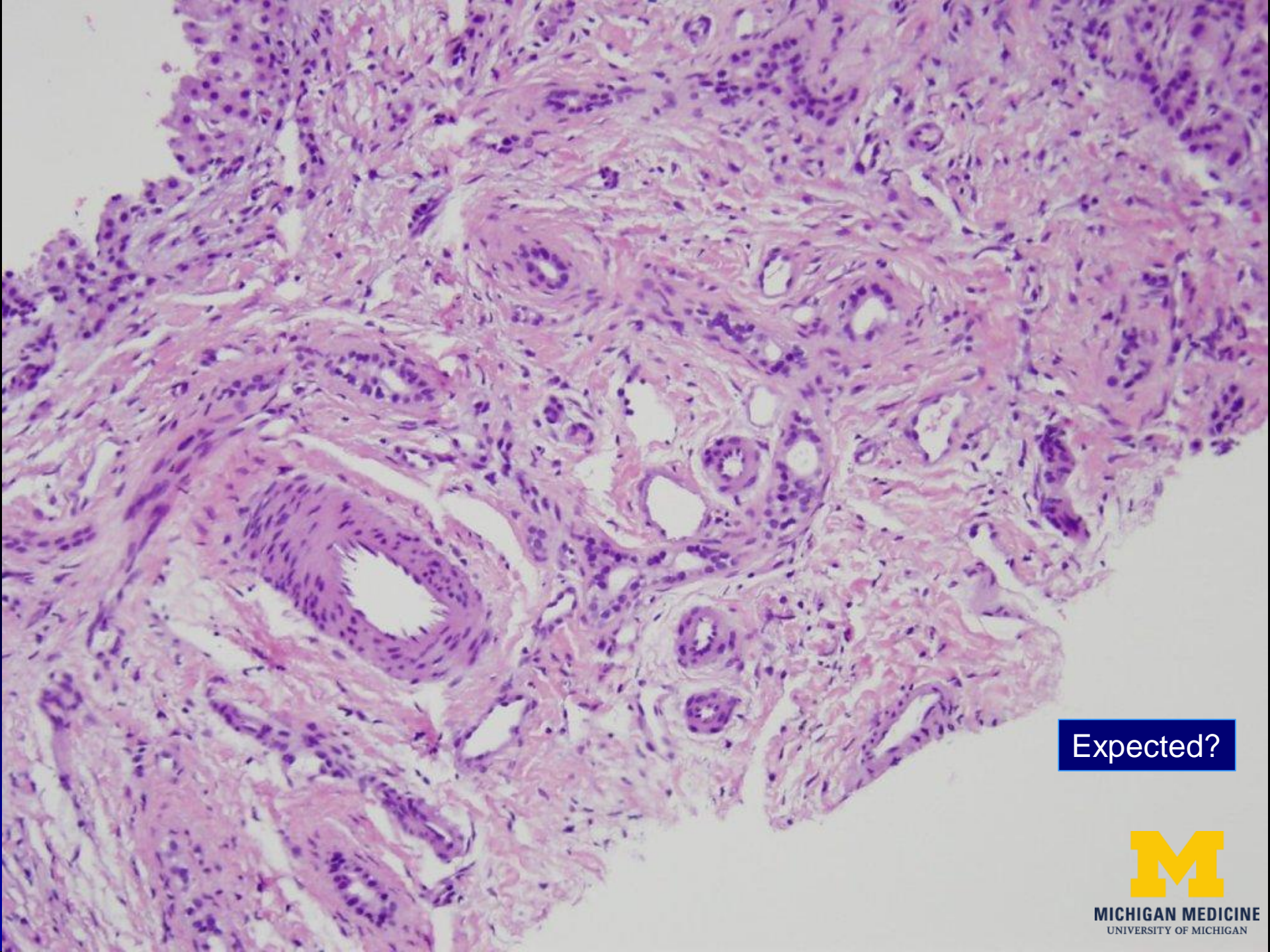
2 year-old boy with history of this disease, presented with incidental vague liver masses



**C.S. MOTT
CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL**
MICHIGAN MEDICINE



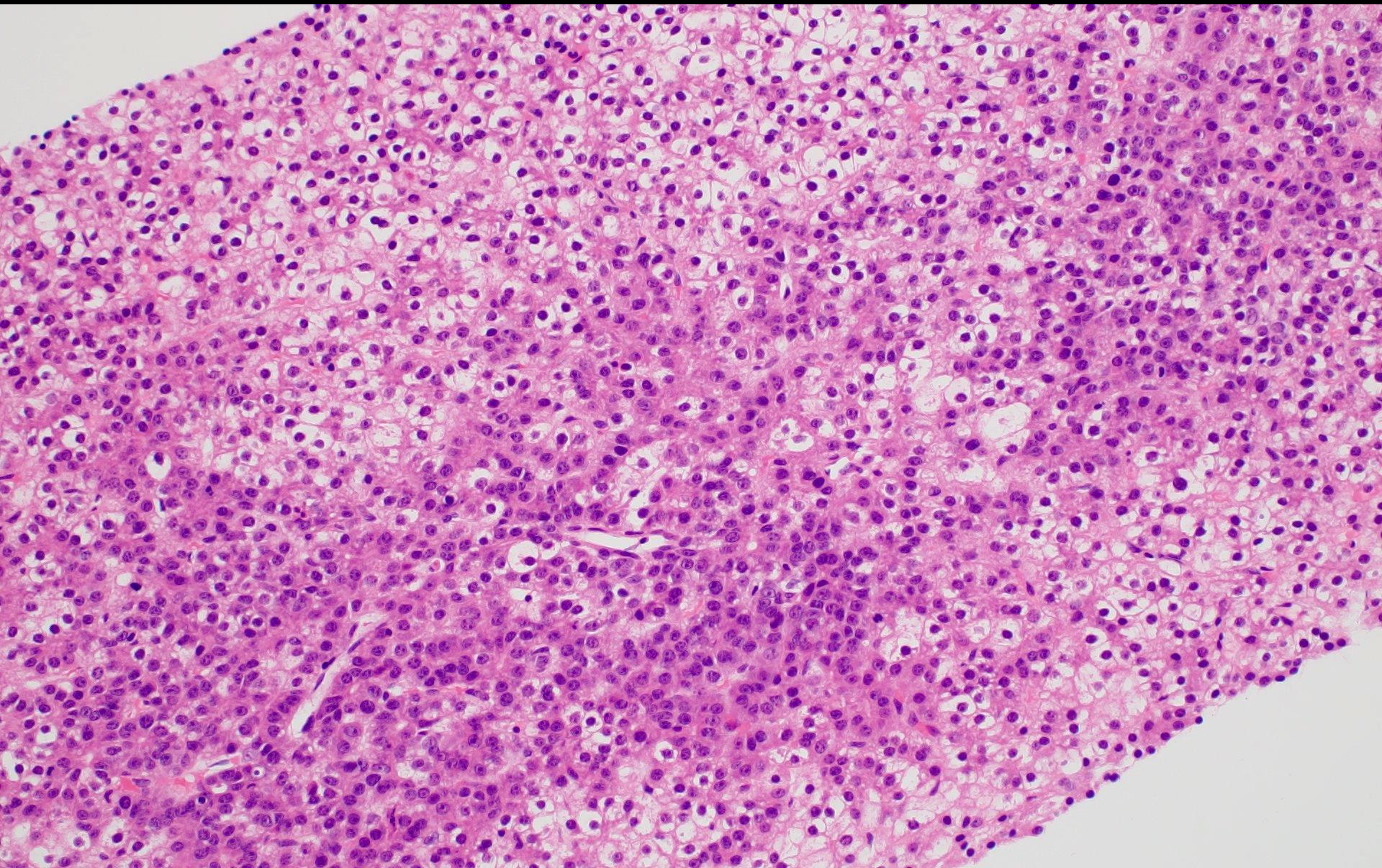


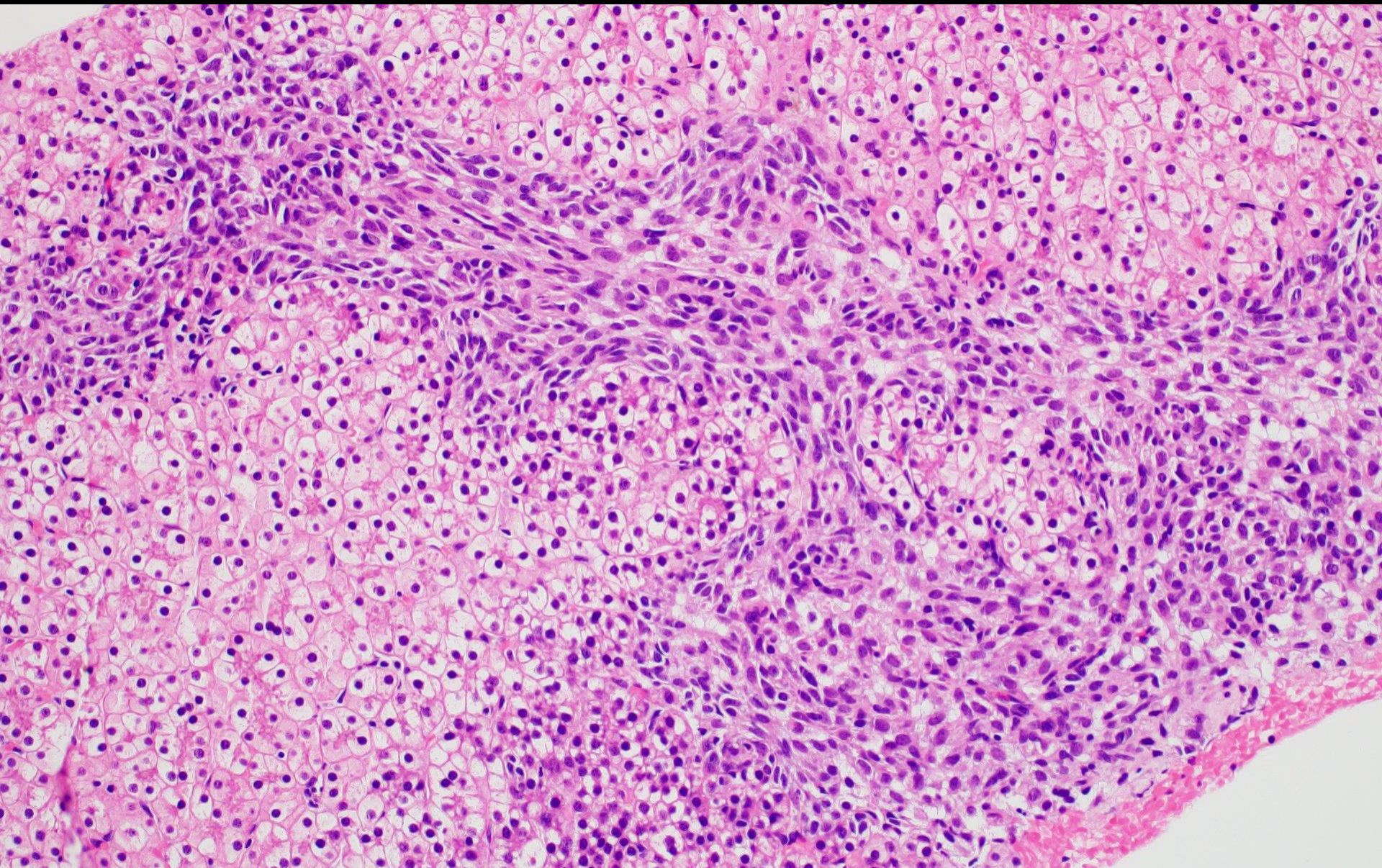


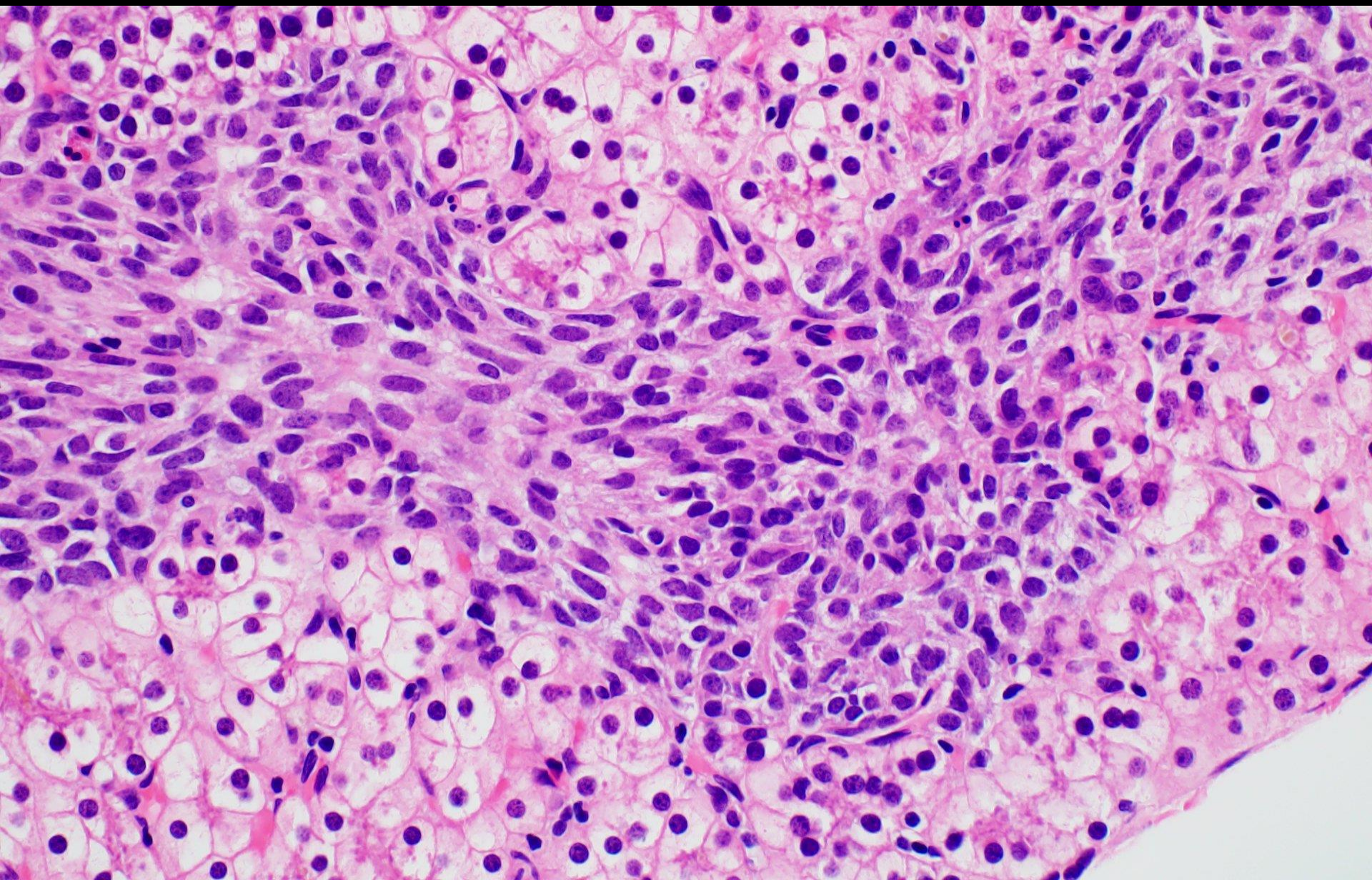
Expected?

Reality!







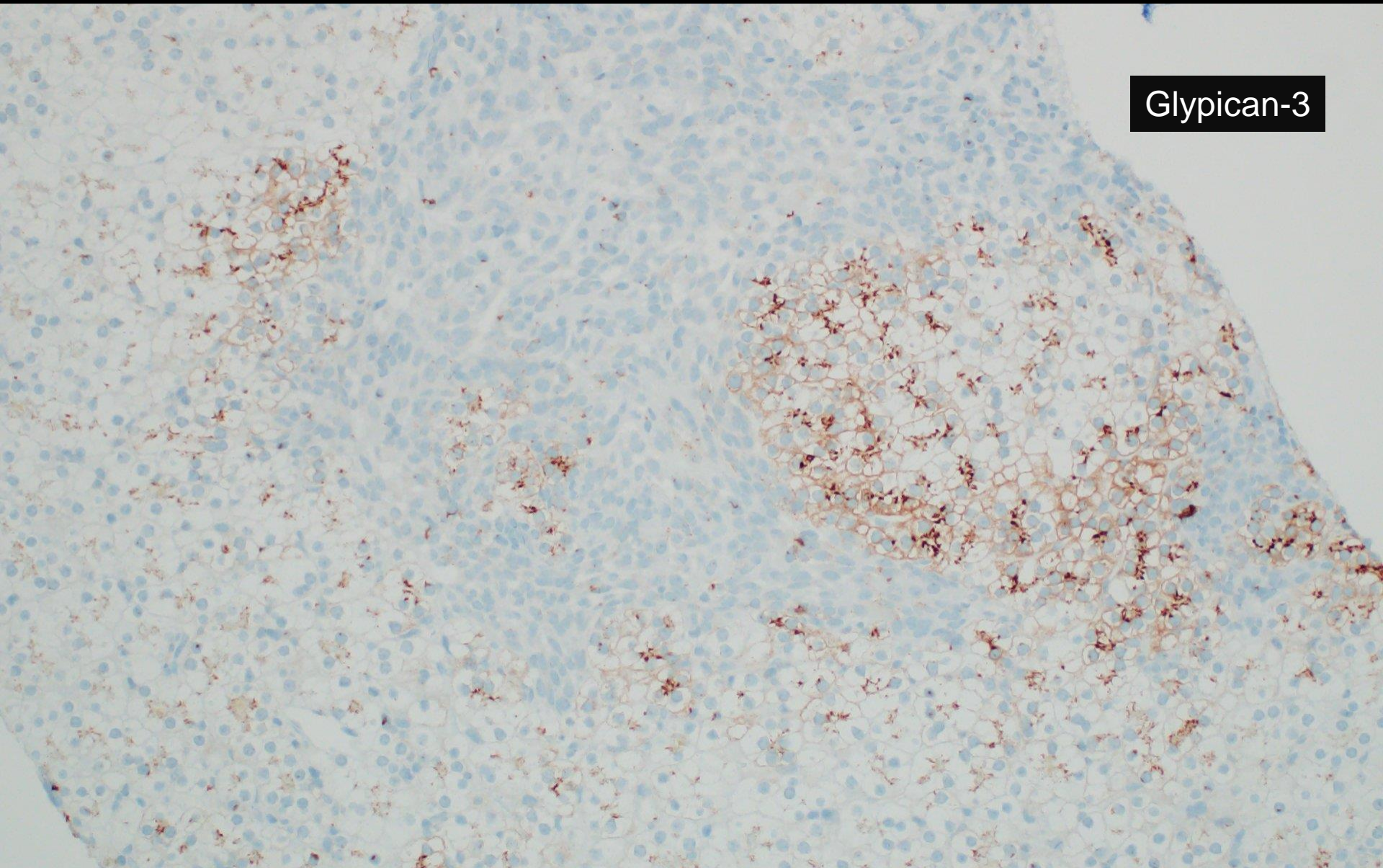


Beta catenin



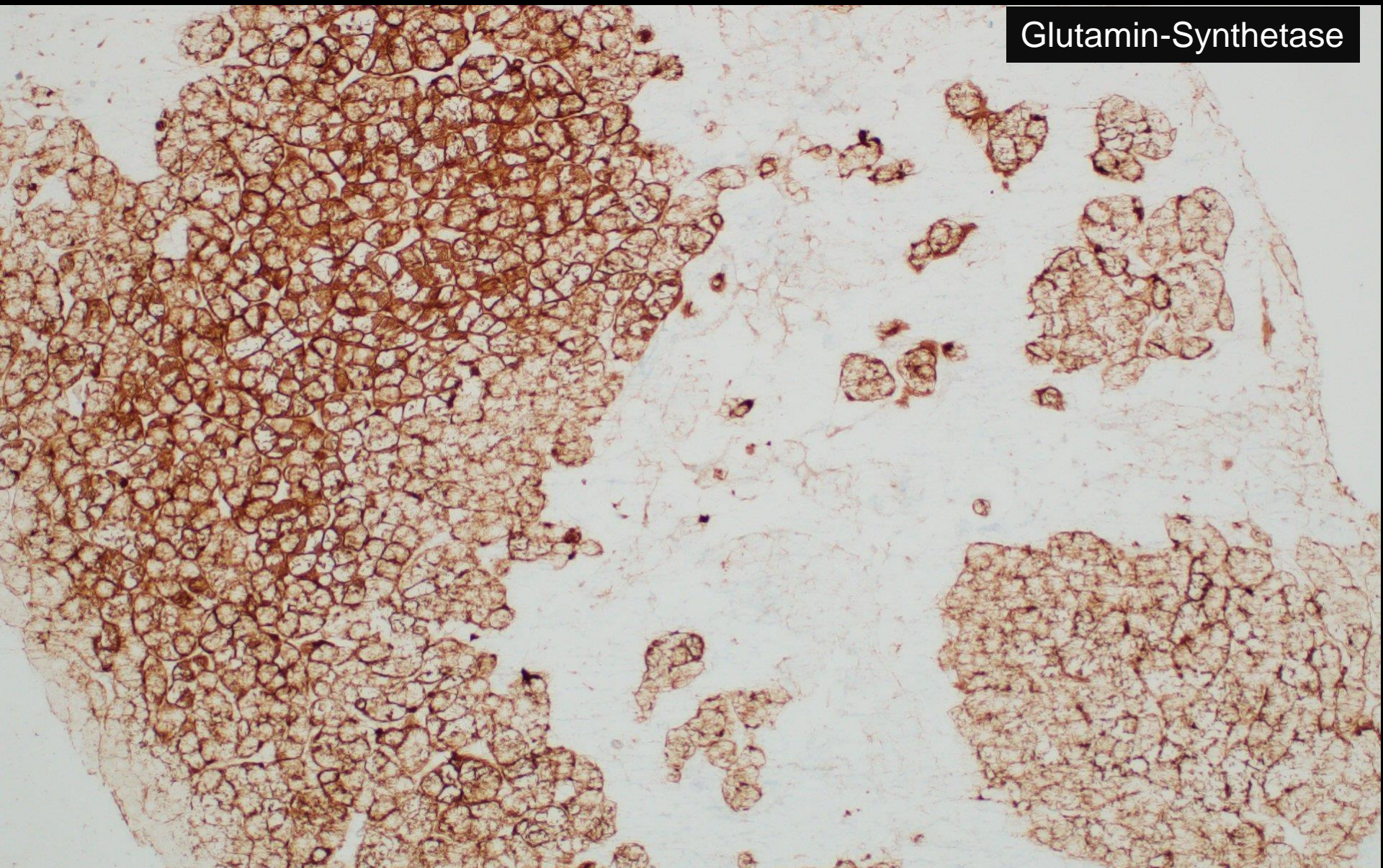
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Glypican-3

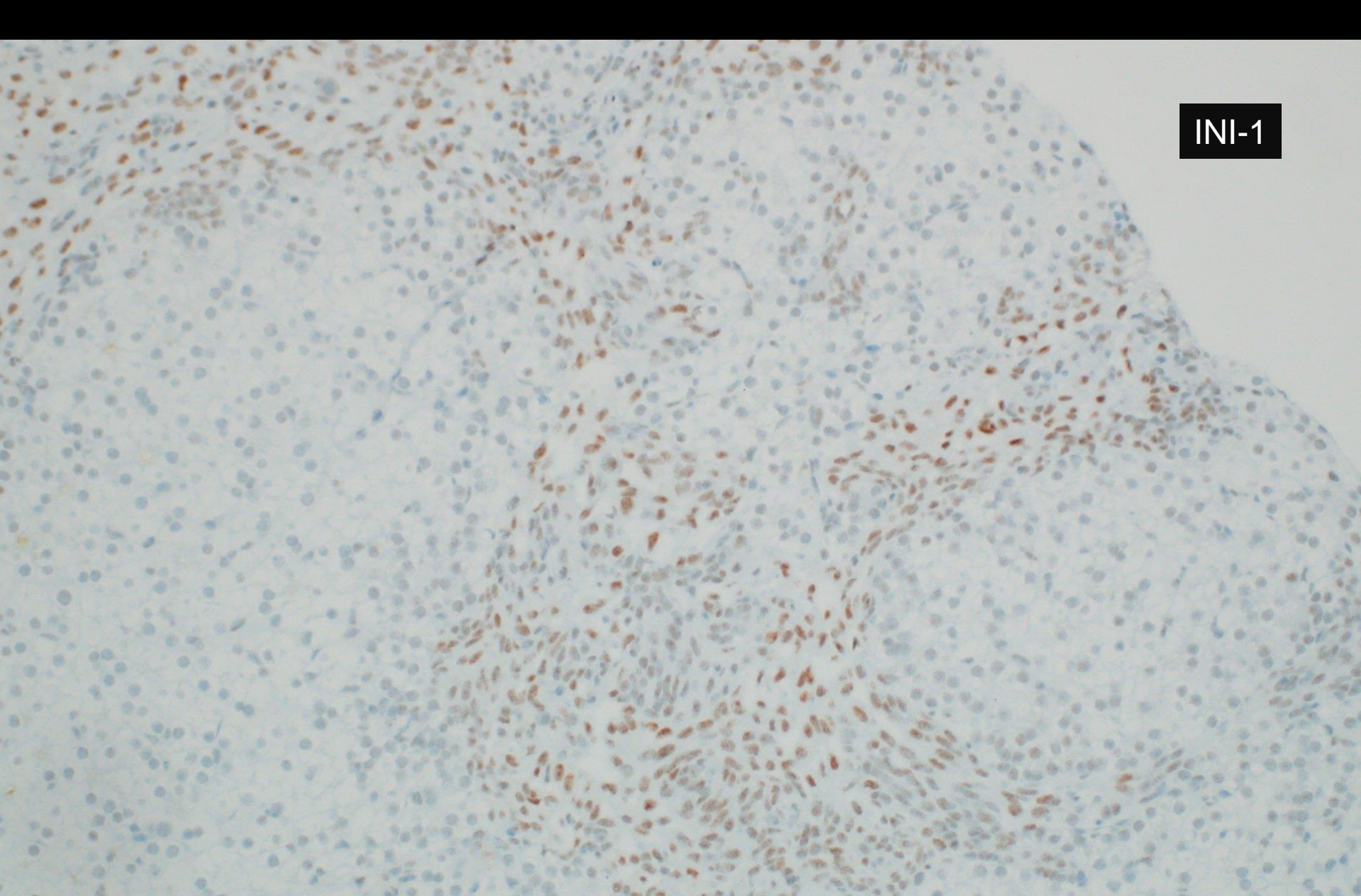


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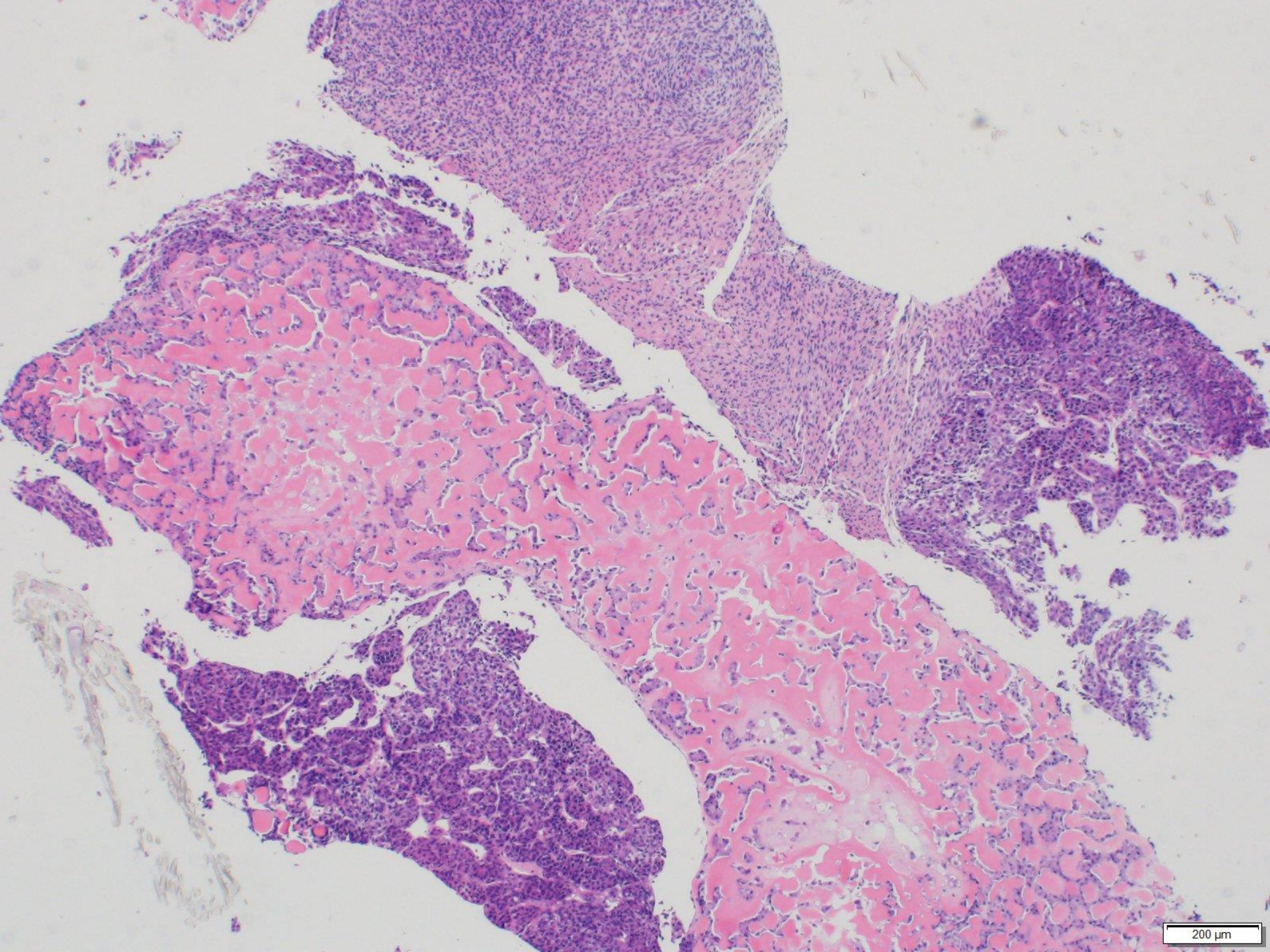
Glutamin-Synthetase

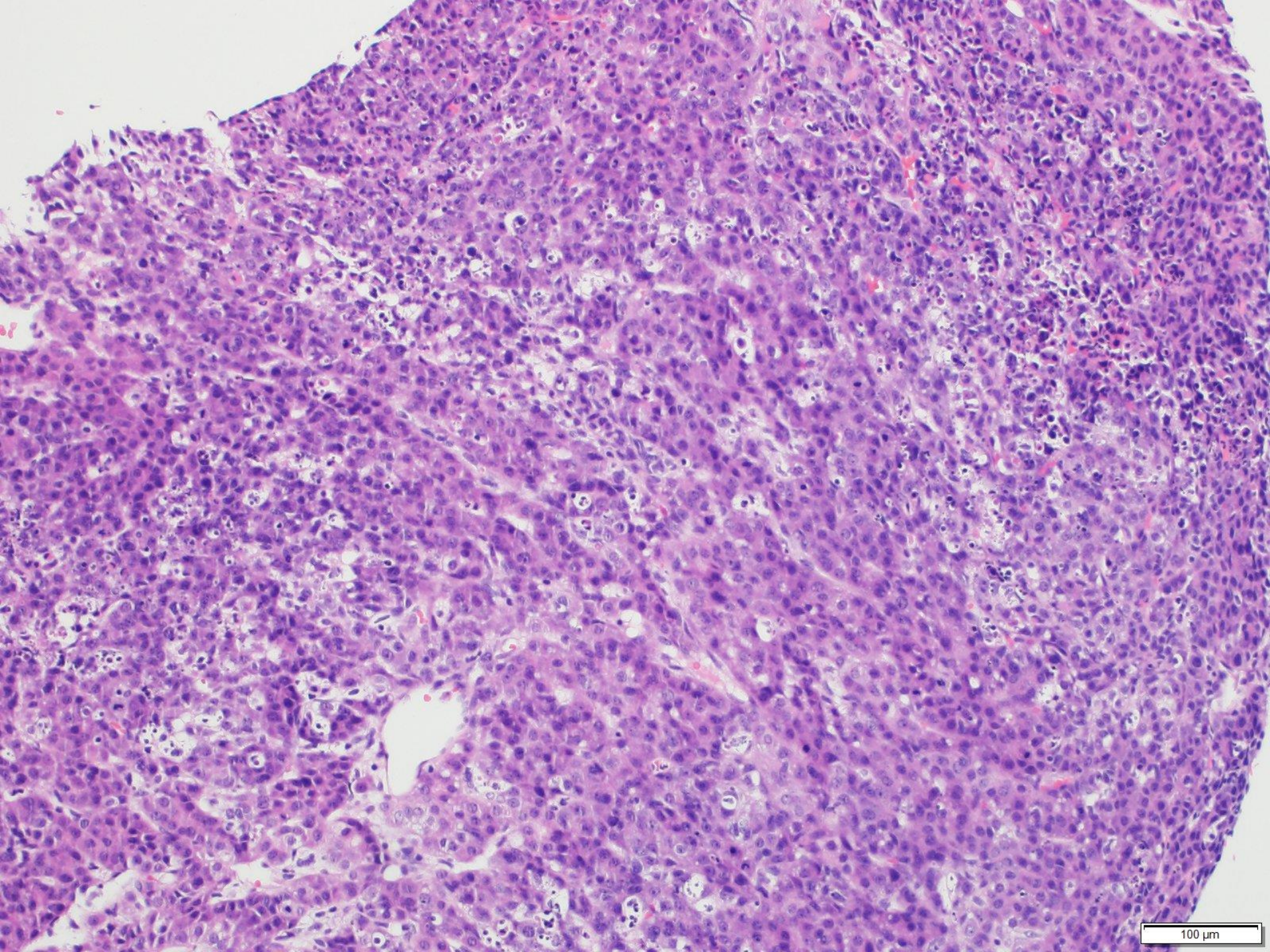


INI-1

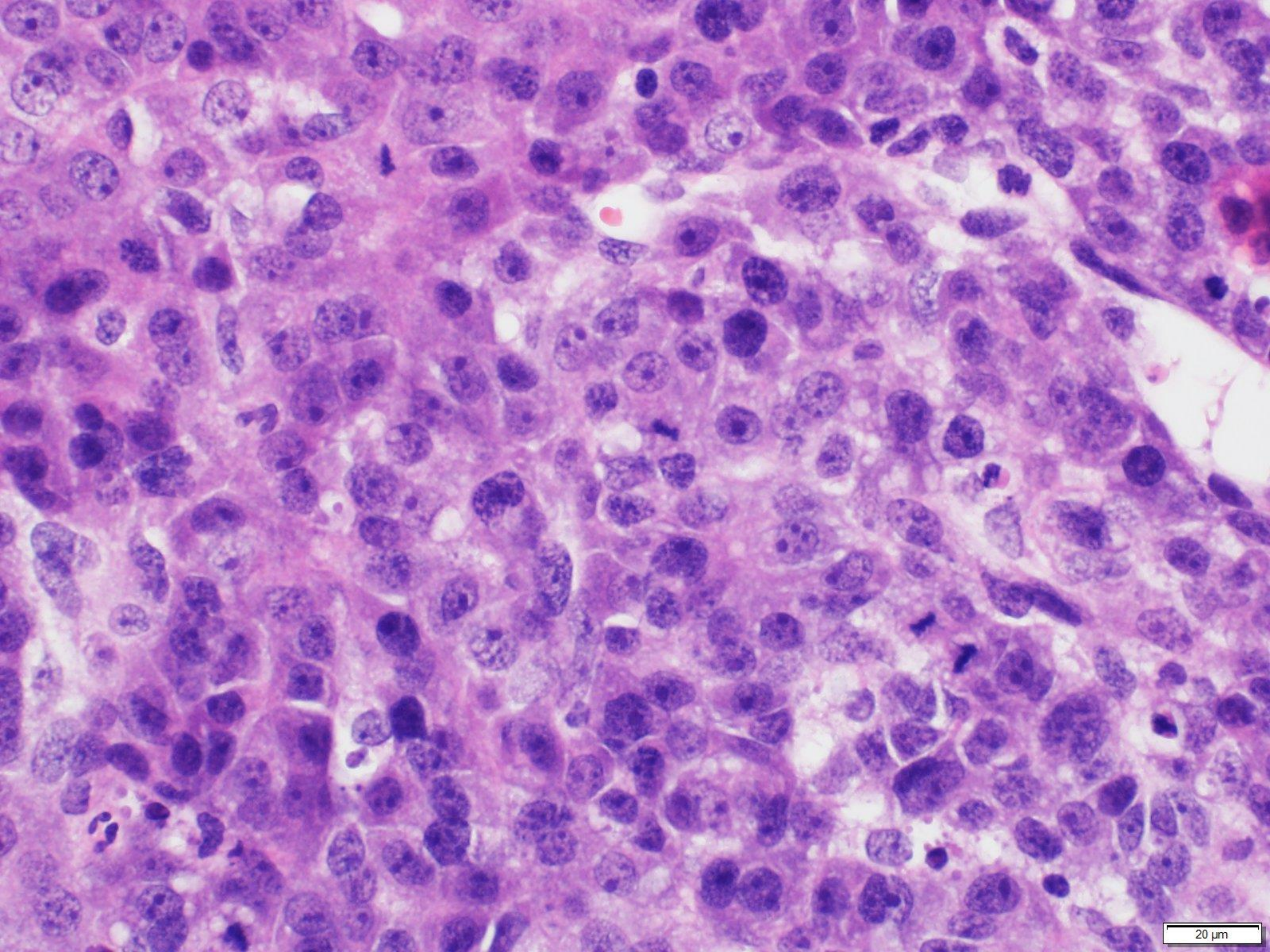


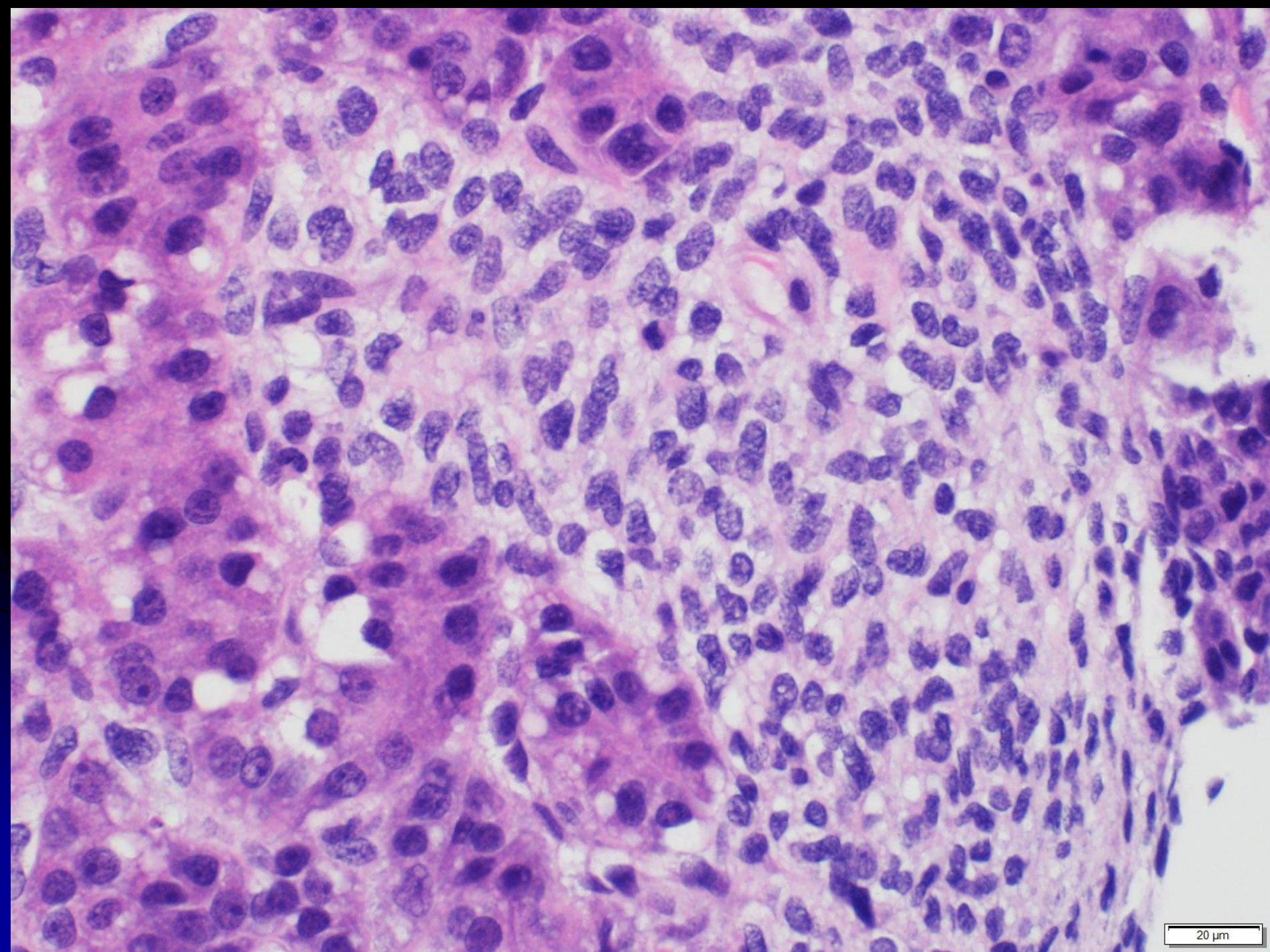
CK7

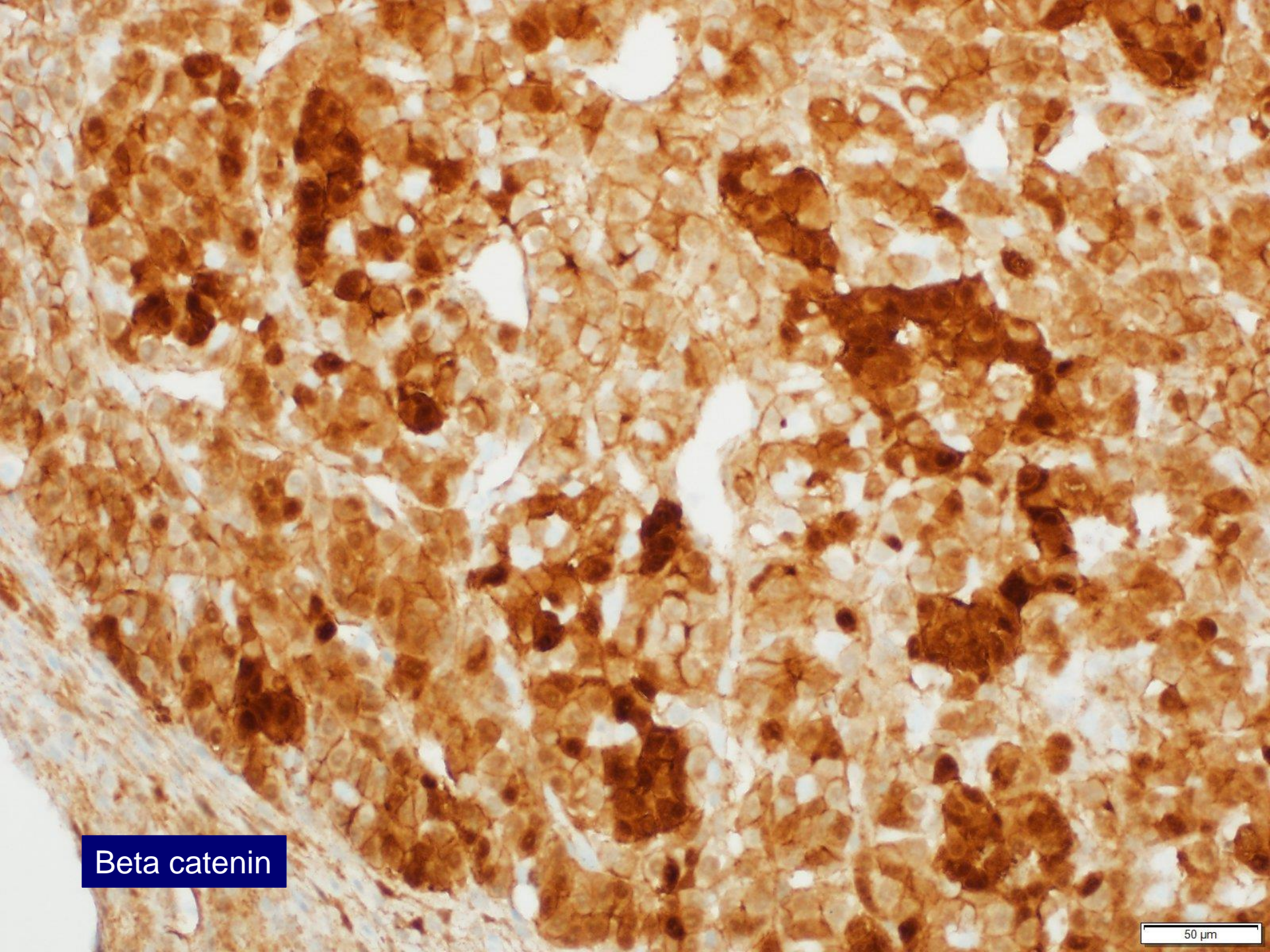




100 μ m

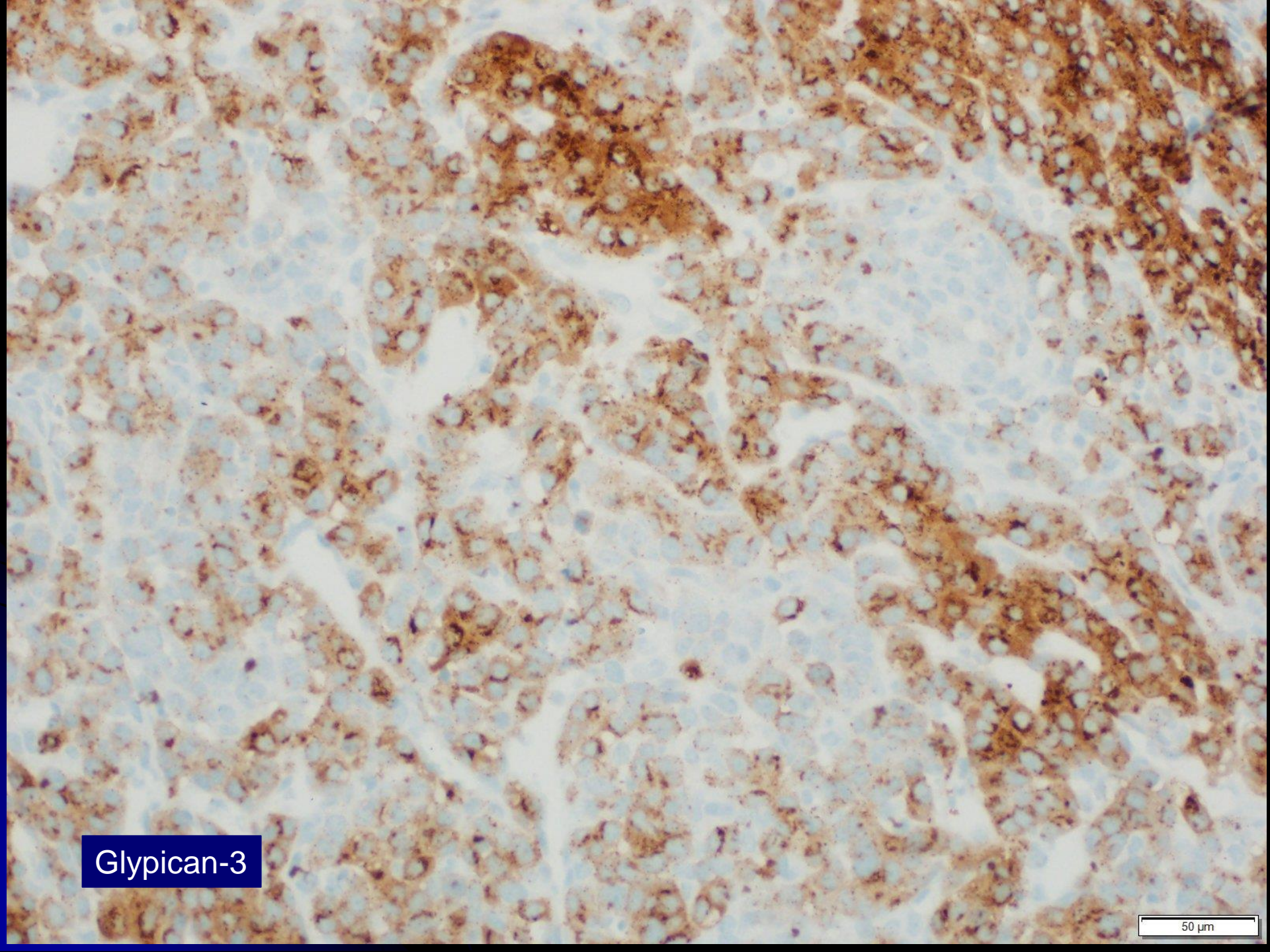






Beta catenin

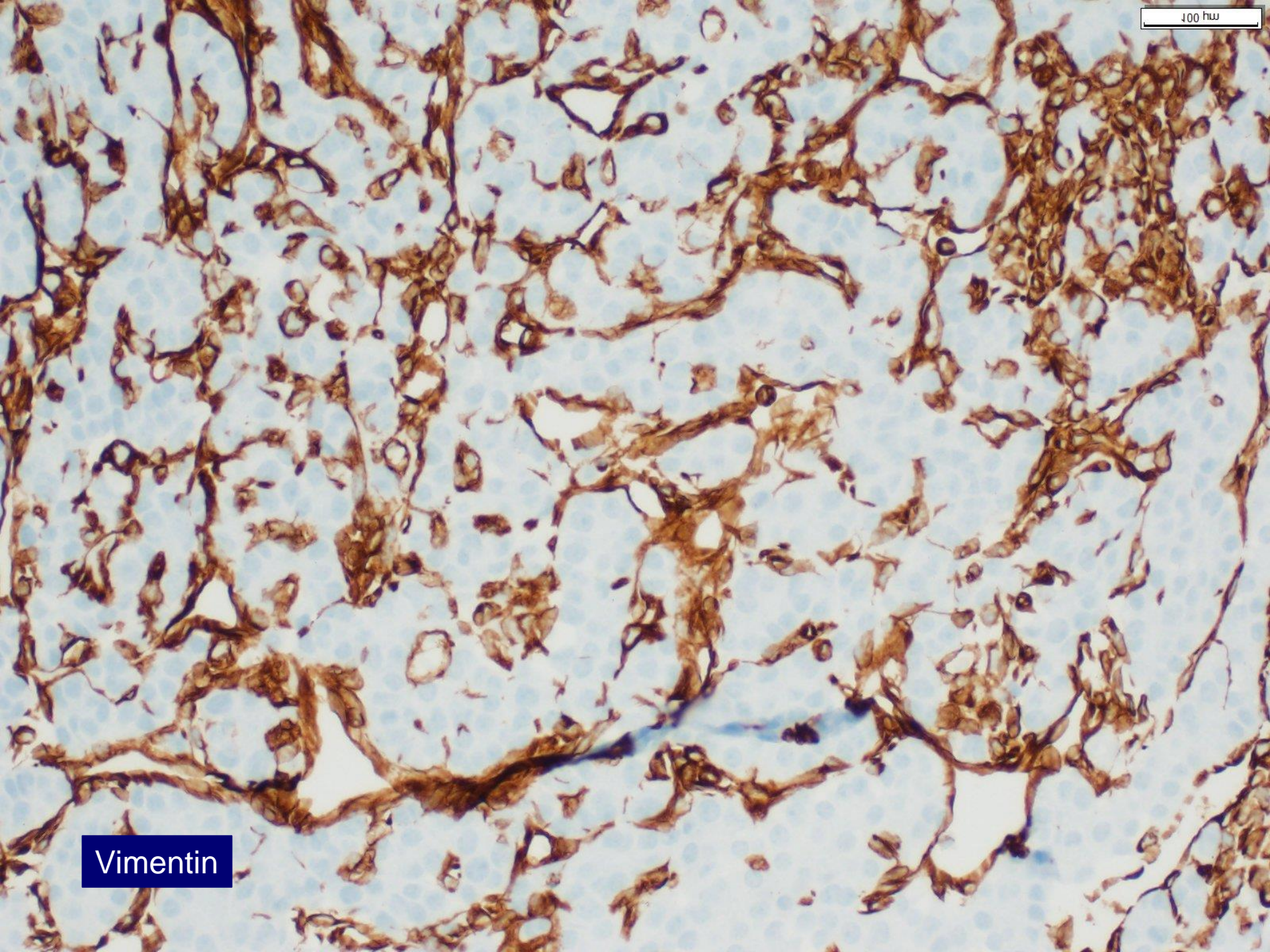
50 μ m



Glypican-3

50 μ m

Vimentin



Hepatoblastoma

- Most common primary liver tumor in children
- M>F; most cases by age 5; can be congenital
- AFP, thrombocytosis
- Association: Familial polyposis (APC), Beckwith-Wiedemann, Li-Fraumeni, trisomy 18, Glycogen storage disease
- Mets: adrenals, BM, lung, brain, regional LNs



Hepatoblastoma

- Epithelial type >65%; different histologic patterns
 - Fetal; well-differentiated (mitotically inactive, ≤ 2 mitoses per 10 hpf) treated with surgery alone; mitotically active
 - Embryonal
 - Mixed fetal and embryonal (most common)
 - Macrotrabecular; poor prognosis
- Small cell undifferentiated ; poor prognosis; Is it anymore?
- Rhabdoid, loss of INI-1
- Mixed epithelial and stromal type: osteoid, adipose tissue, other mesenchymal elements
 - Teratoid: Squamous, GI, immature neuroectoderm, melanin, poor prognosis



Take Home Points

- Hepatoblastoma most common primary liver malignancy in children, AFP
- Hepatoblastoma subtypes: small cell undifferentiated and rhabdoid worse prognosis?
- Small cell undifferentiated component immunoprofile
- Molecular: Trisomies/gains, 2, 20, 8, 6?

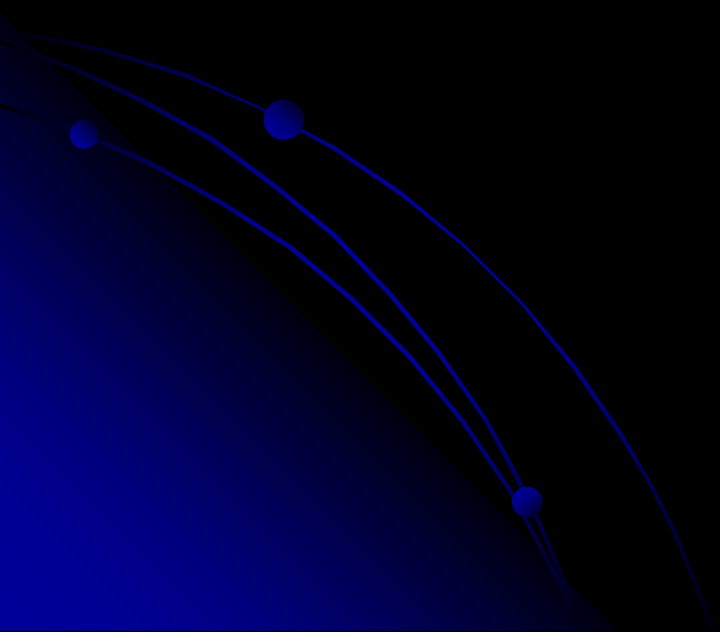


A histological section of a blood vessel wall, likely an artery, stained with hematoxylin and eosin (H&E). The image shows a cross-section of the vessel lumen, which is a large, irregularly shaped white space in the center. The vessel wall is composed of several layers: an innermost layer of endothelium (stained pink), followed by a thick layer of smooth muscle (stained purple with pink connective tissue), and an outer layer of connective tissue and fat (stained pink). The overall shape of the vessel is somewhat circular but irregular. A dark blue rectangular box with white text is overlaid on the lower-left portion of the vessel wall. A scale bar is located in the bottom right corner.

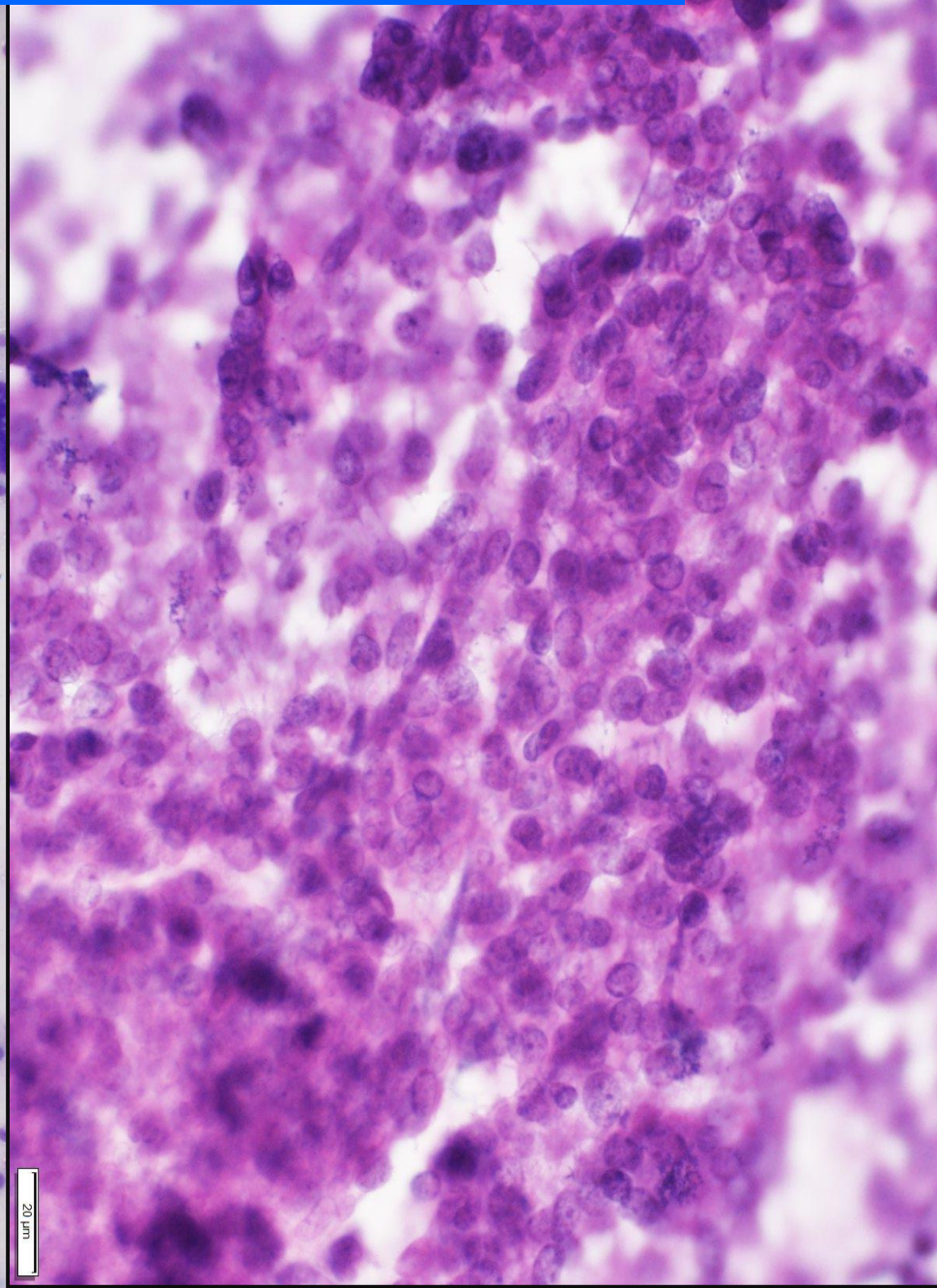
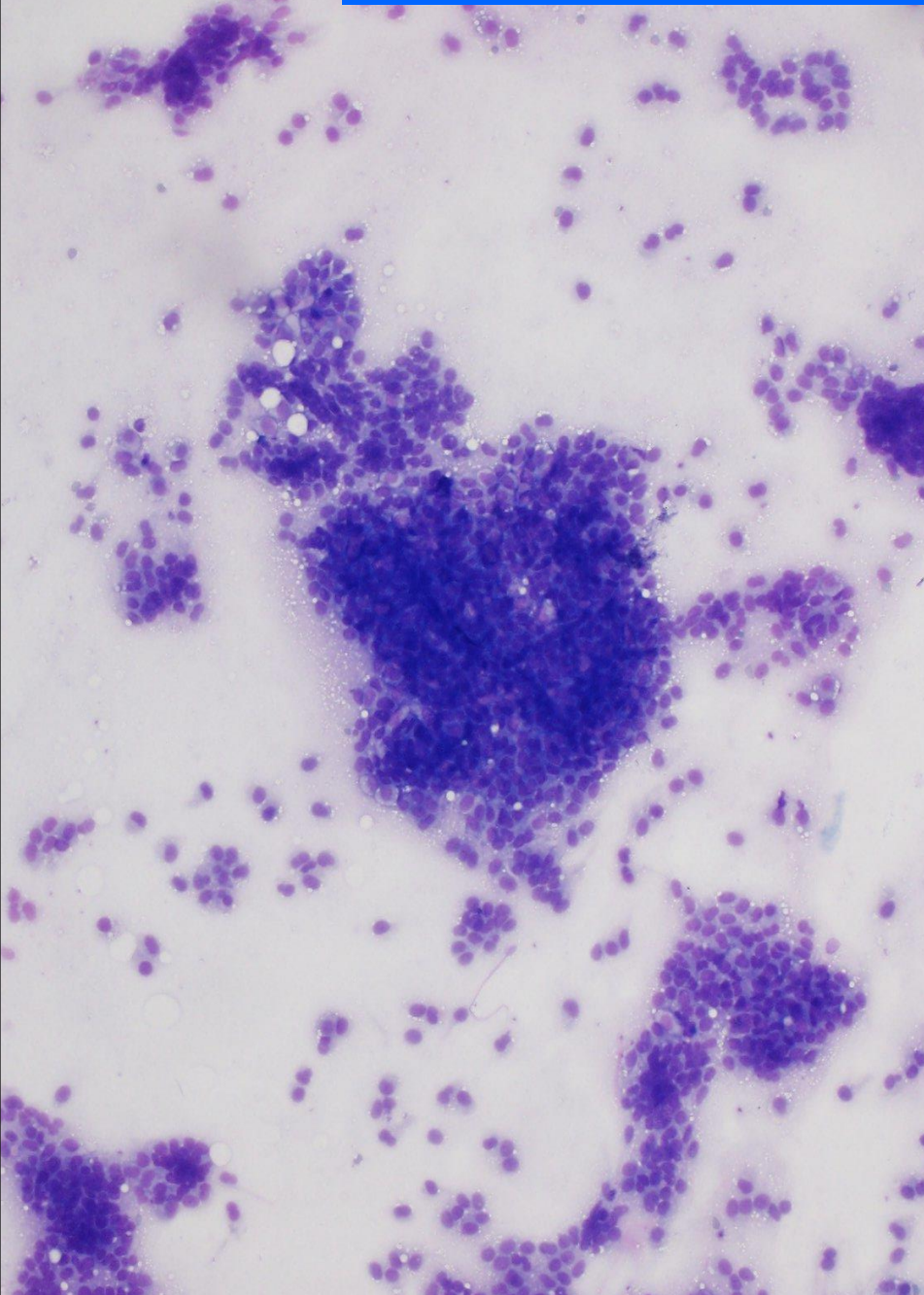
Just take it easy 😊

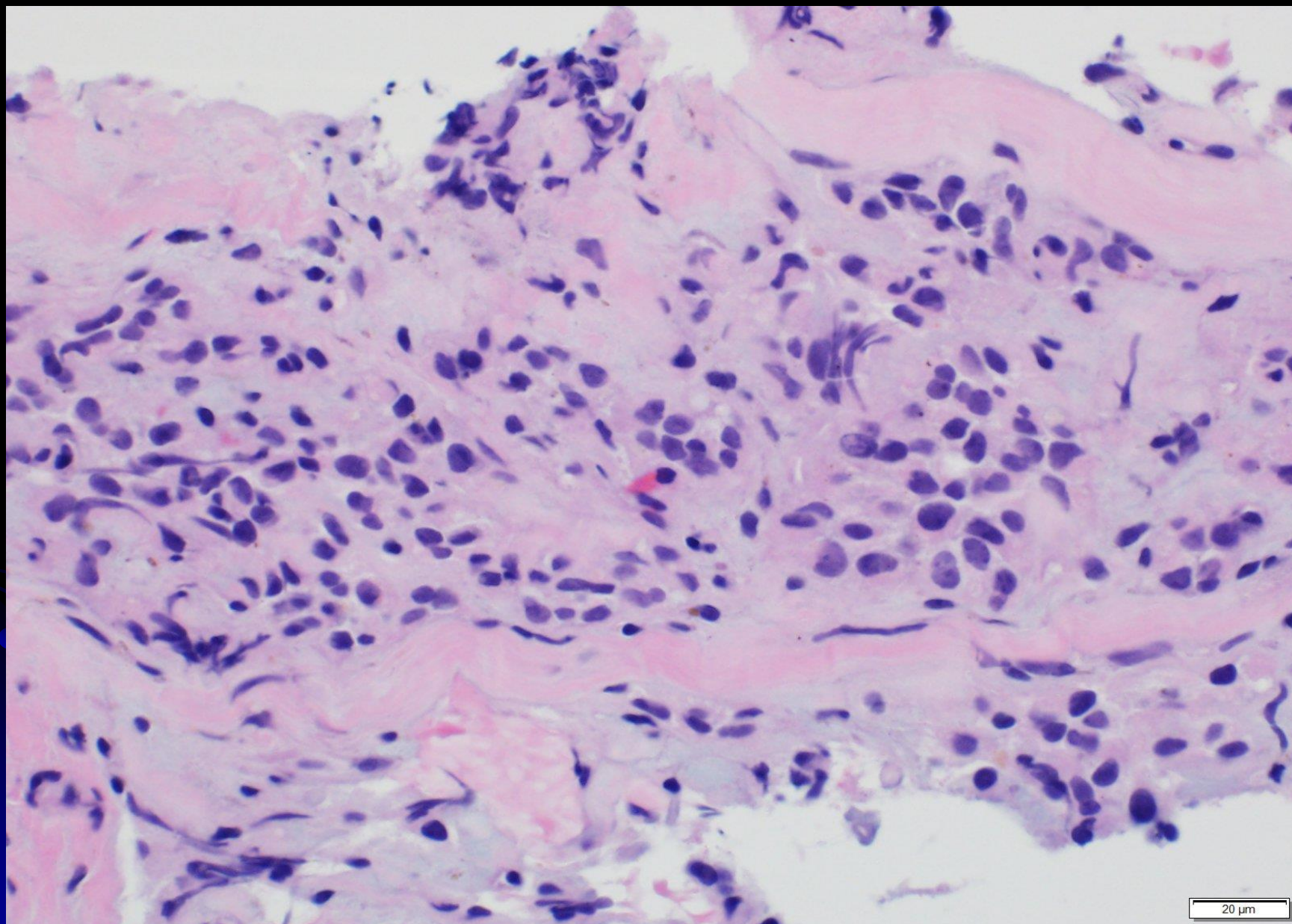
500 μ m

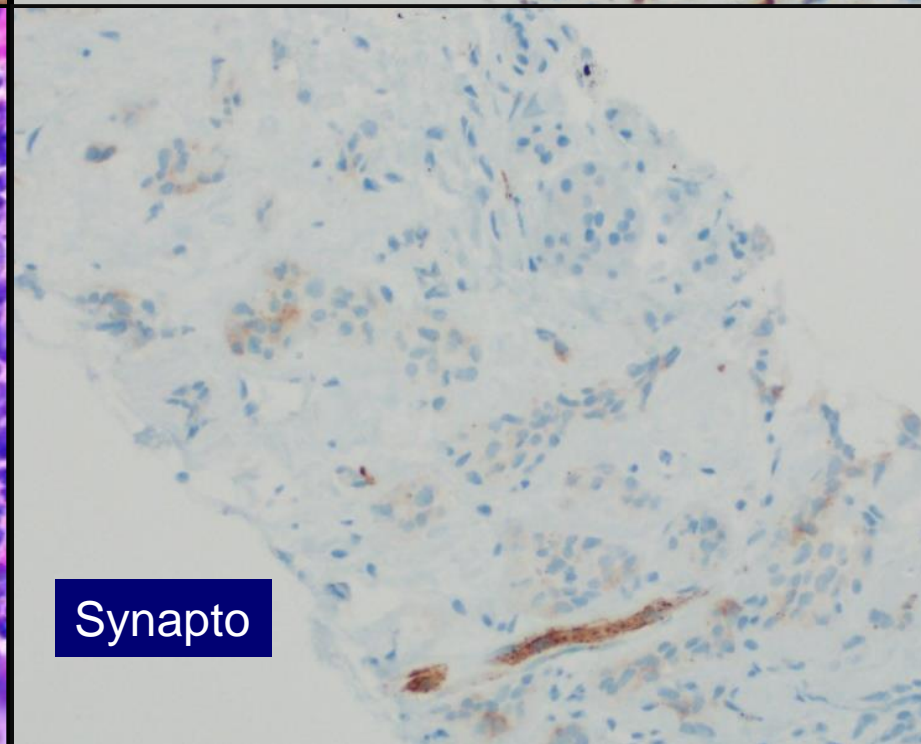
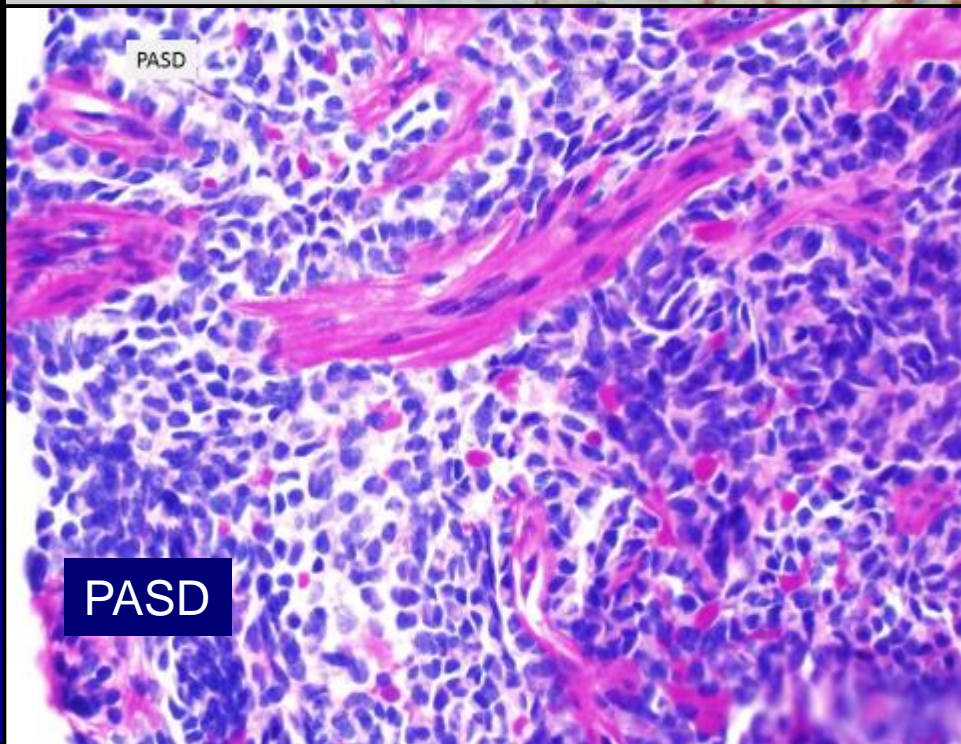
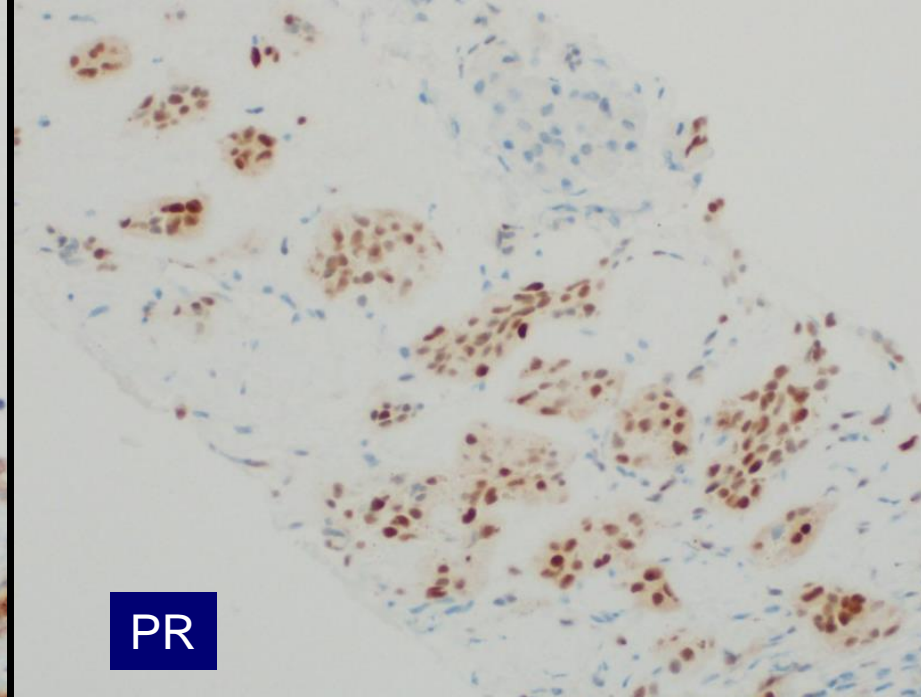
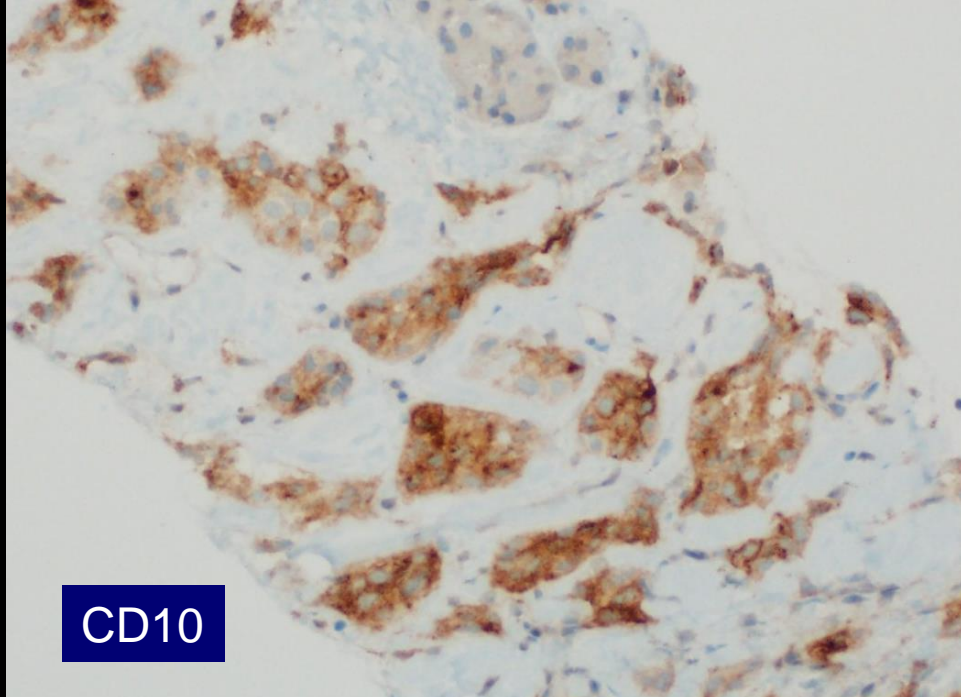
Another Story?



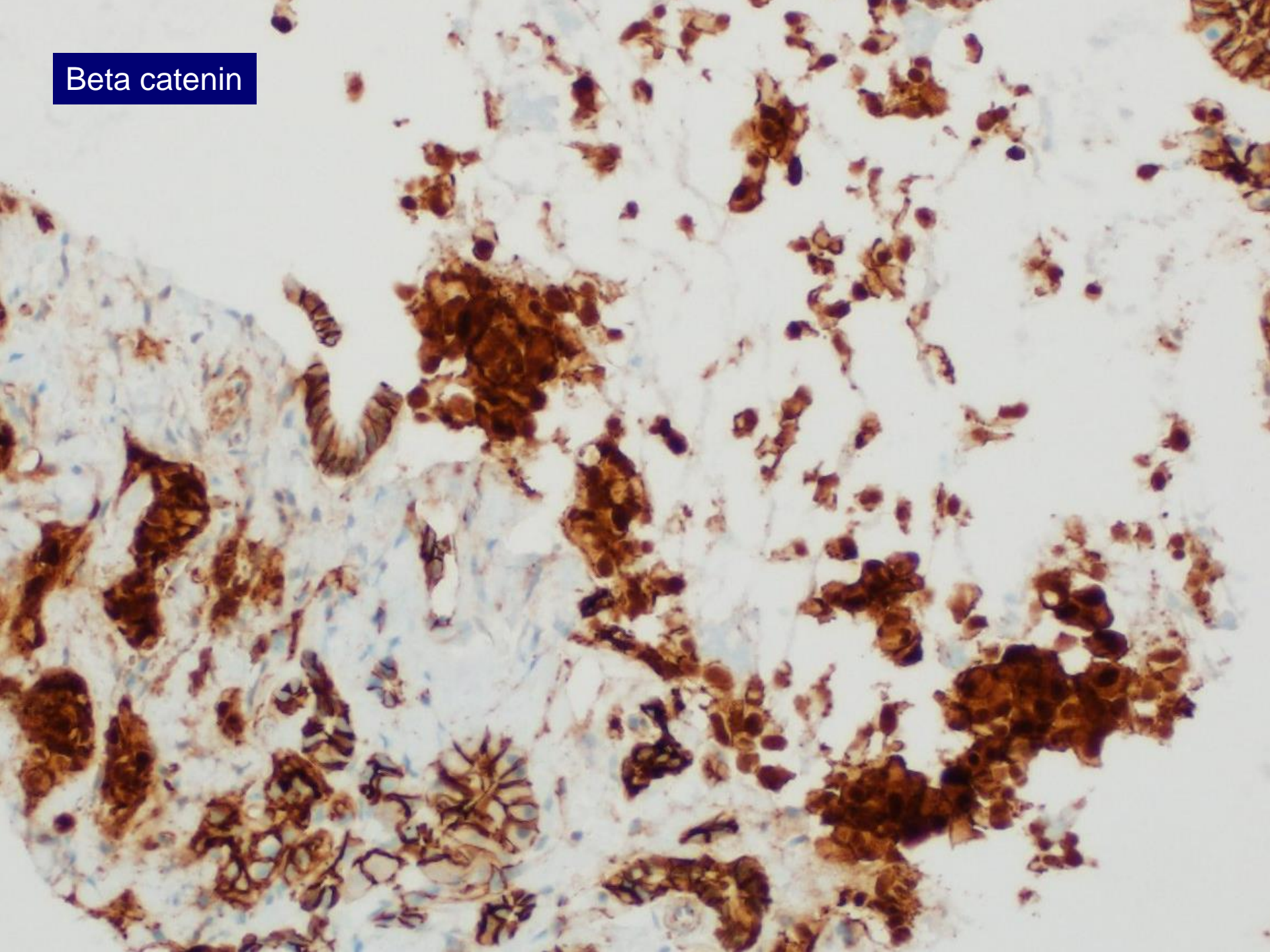
11 year-old boy with liver lesion and pancreatic head mass

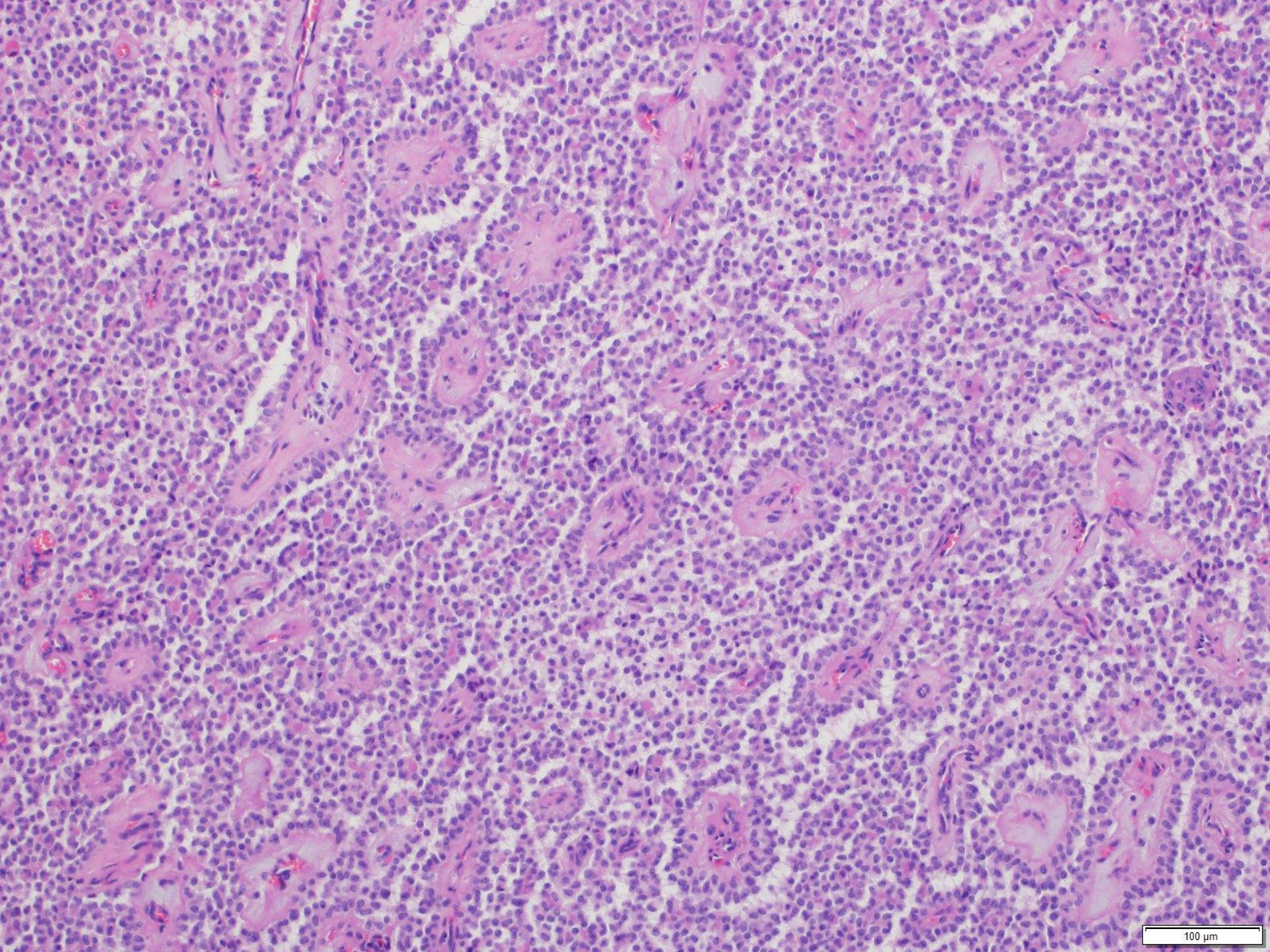






Beta catenin

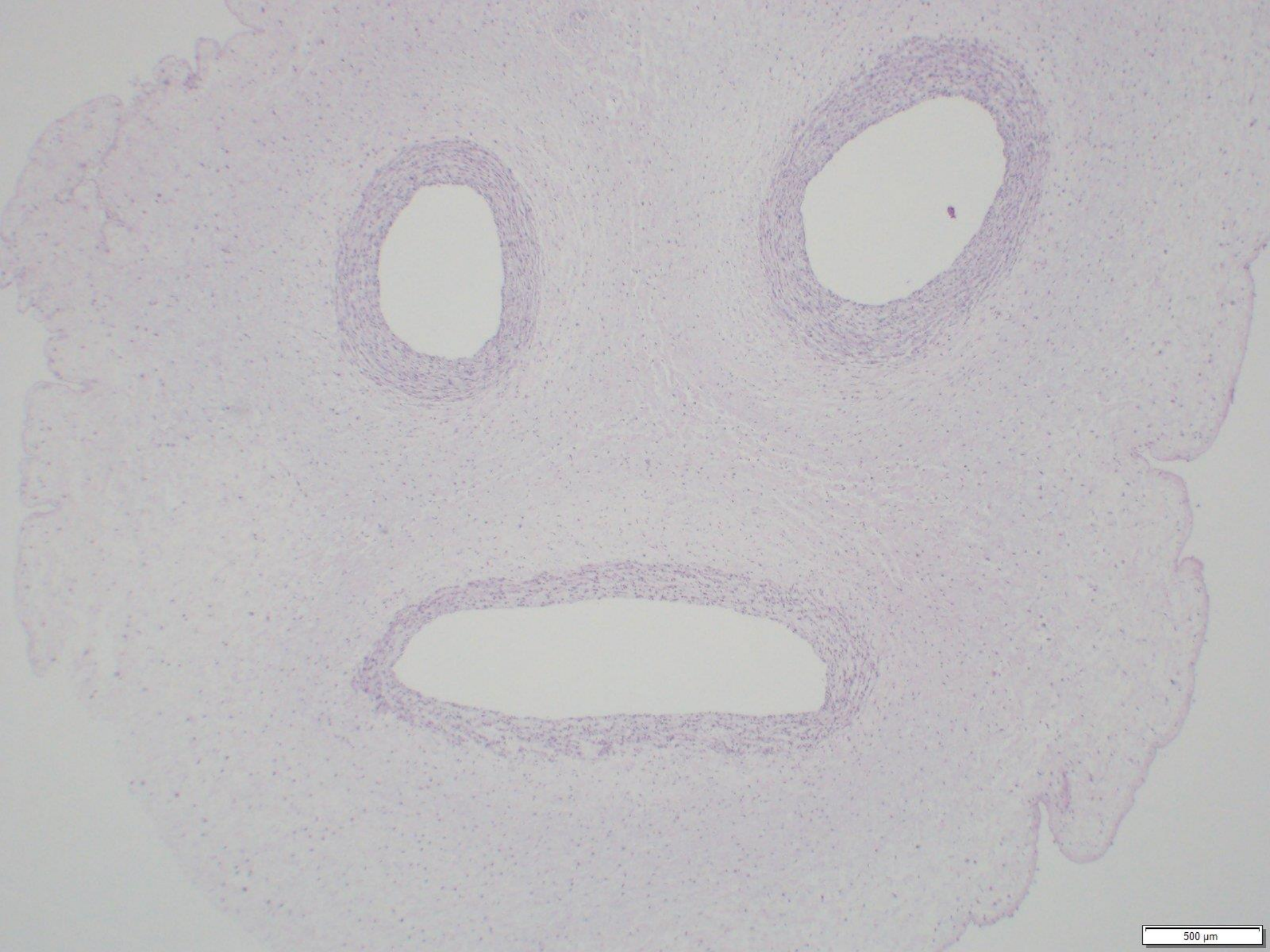




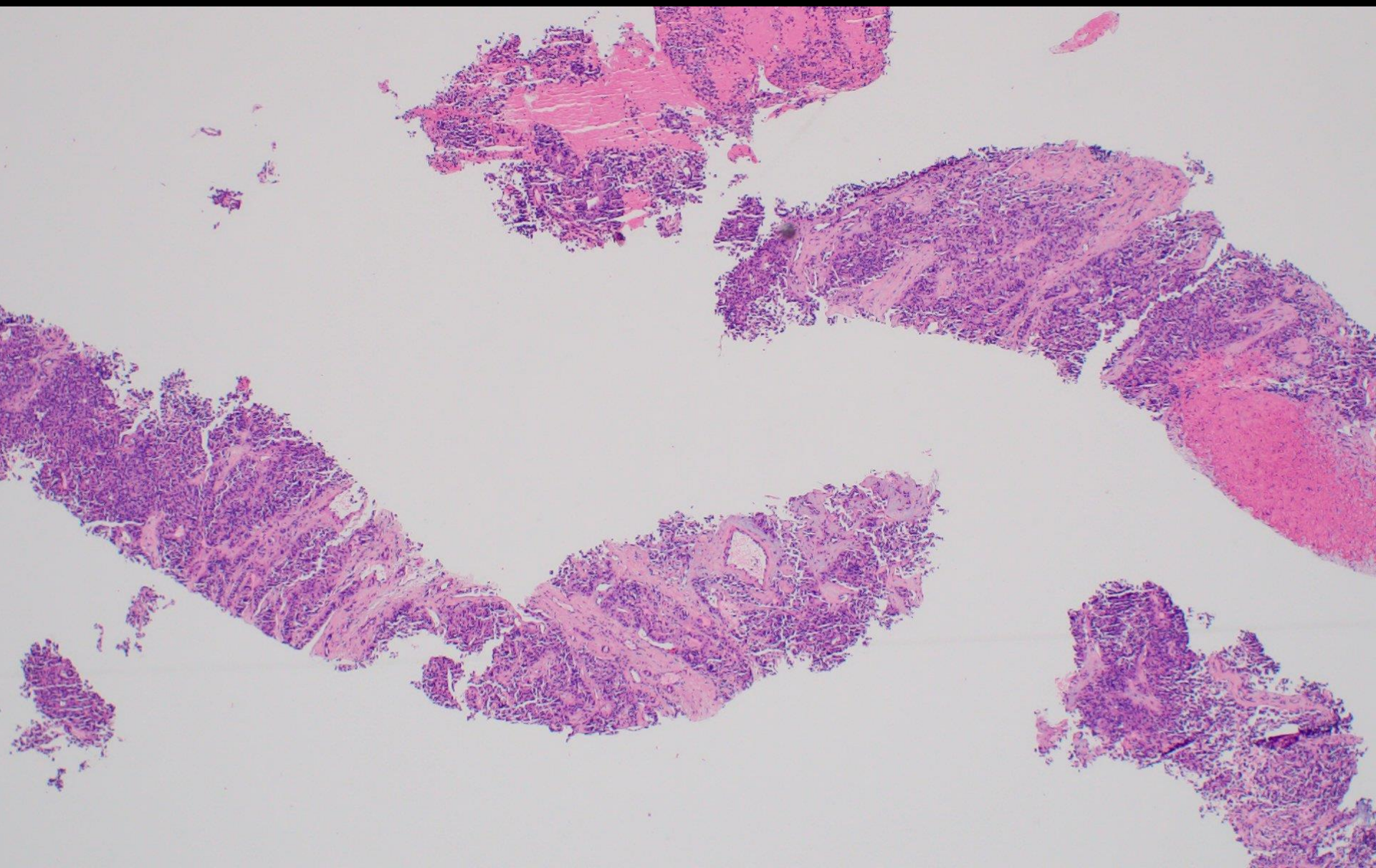
Solid Pseudopapillary Tumor

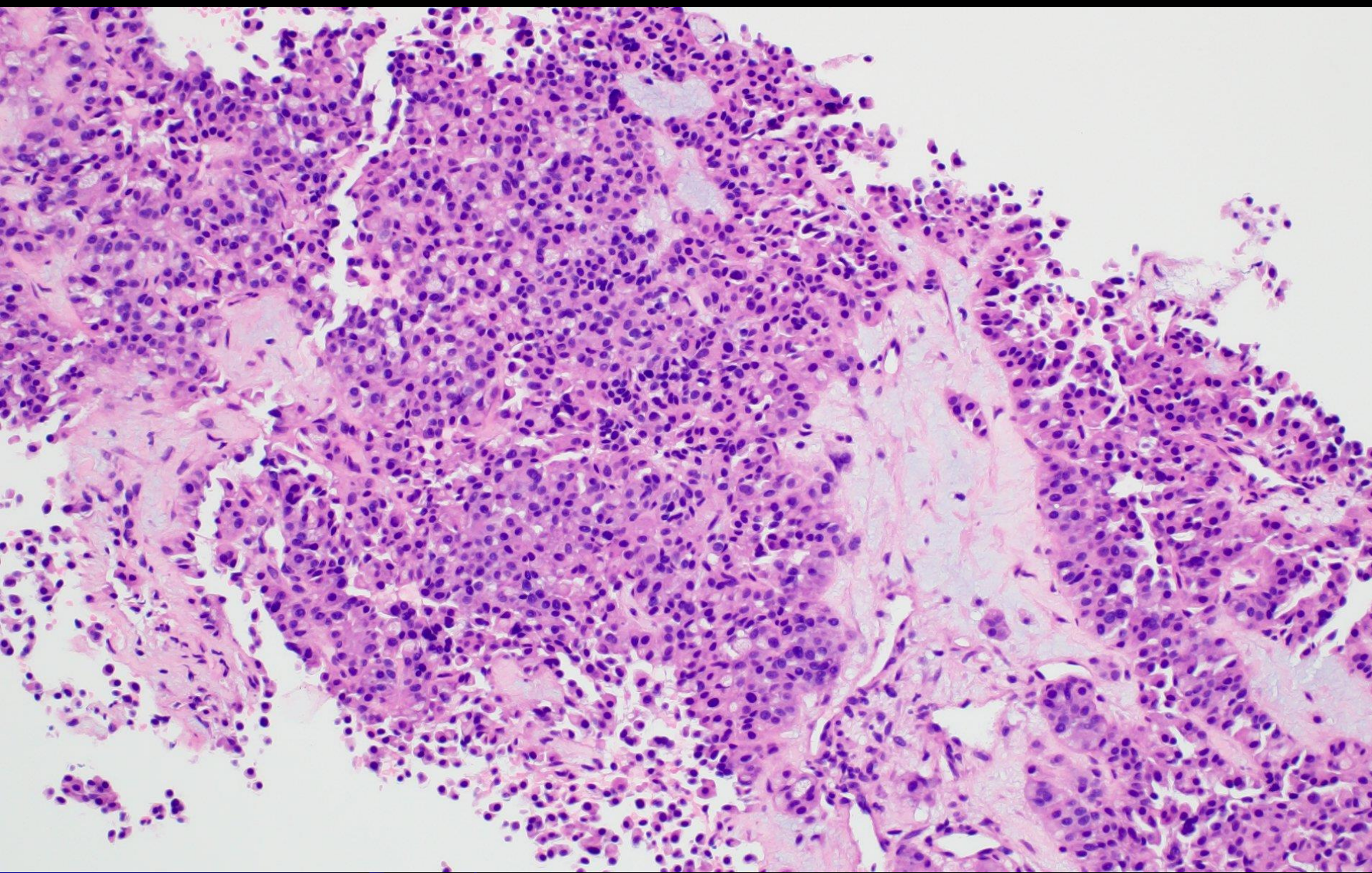
- Common primary pancreatic neoplasm in children
- Low grade malignancy, locally invasive, rare metastasis
- Beta-catenin gene mutation
- Treatment surgical

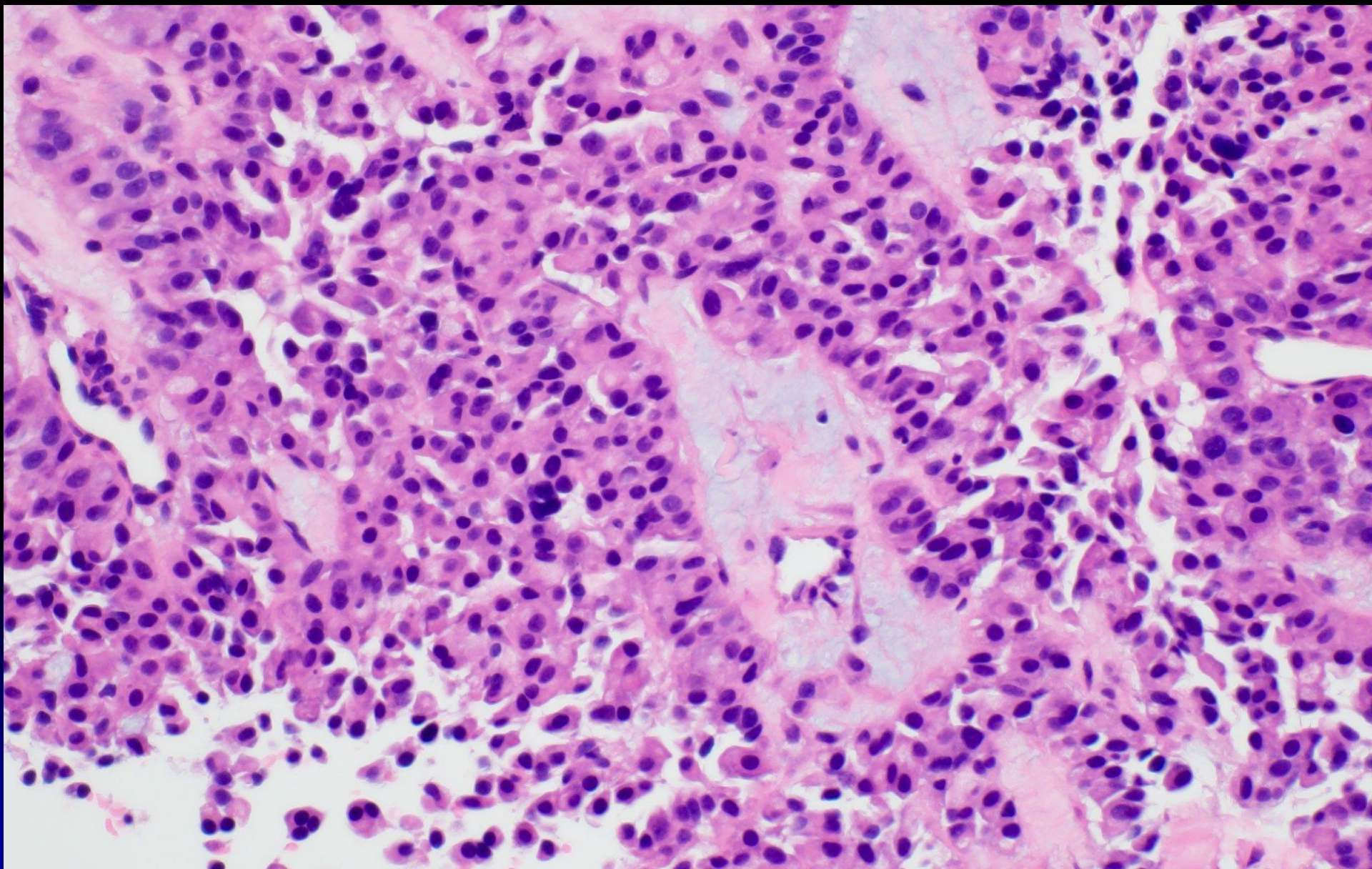


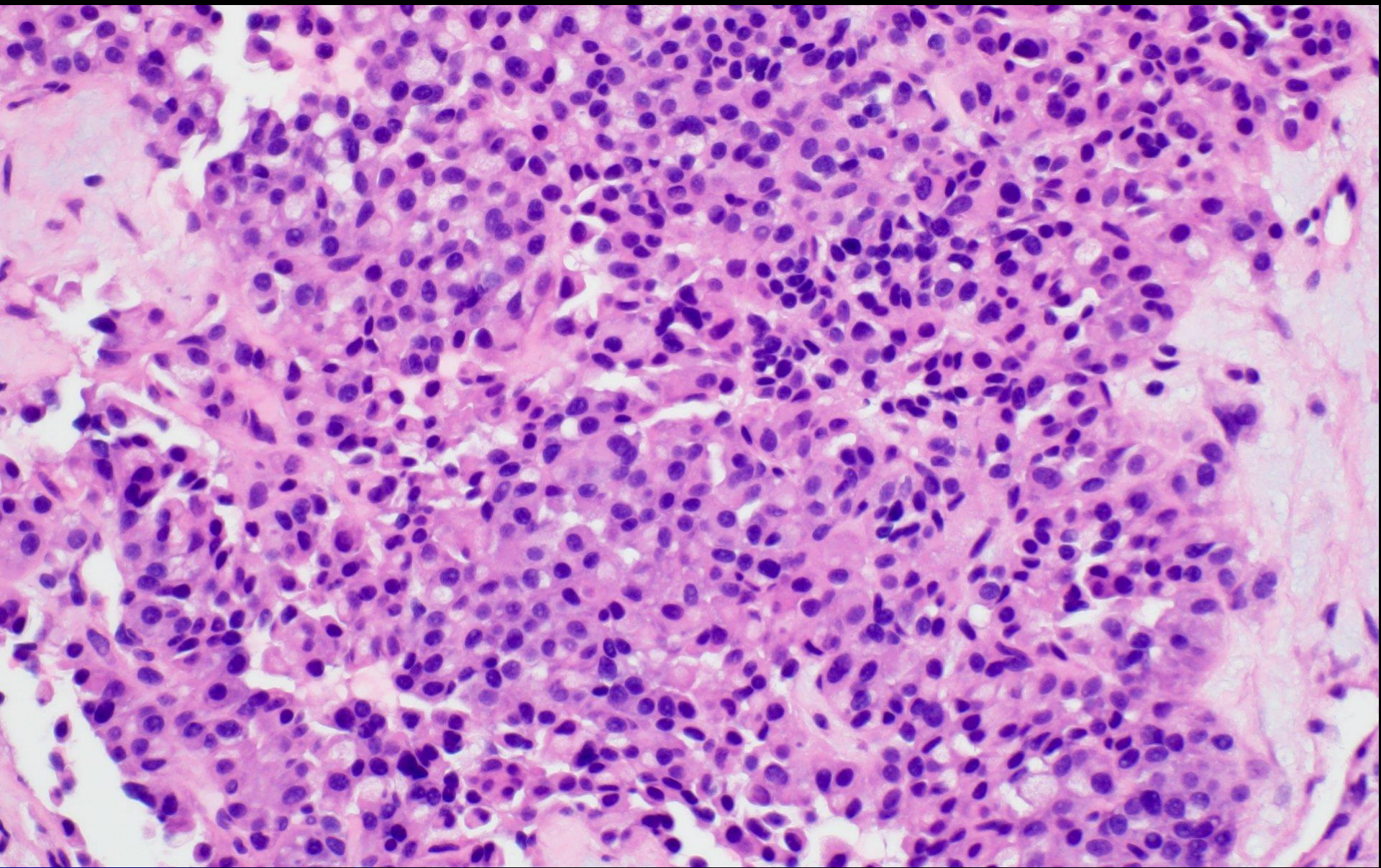


17 year-old girl with liver lesion

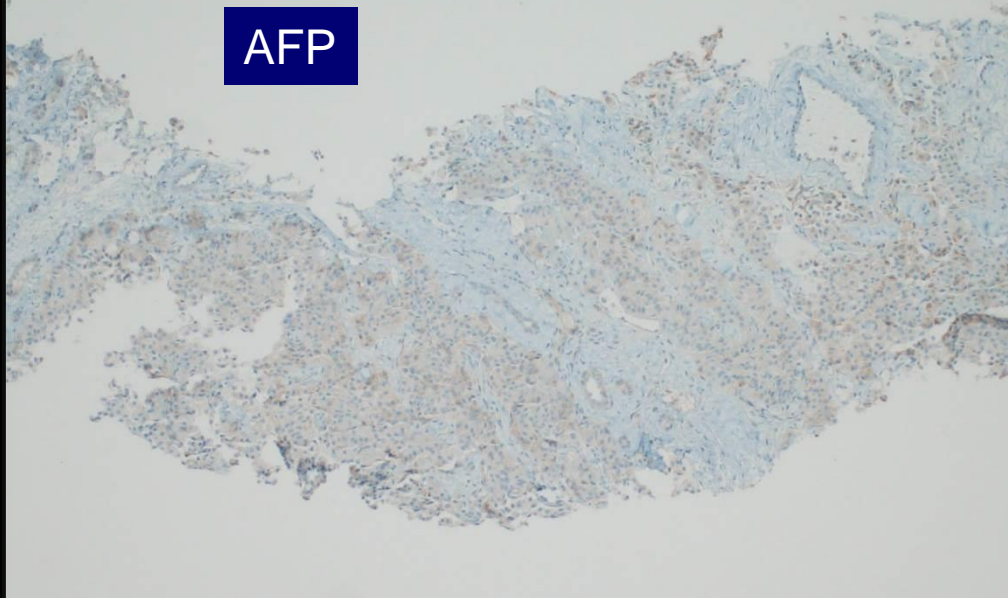




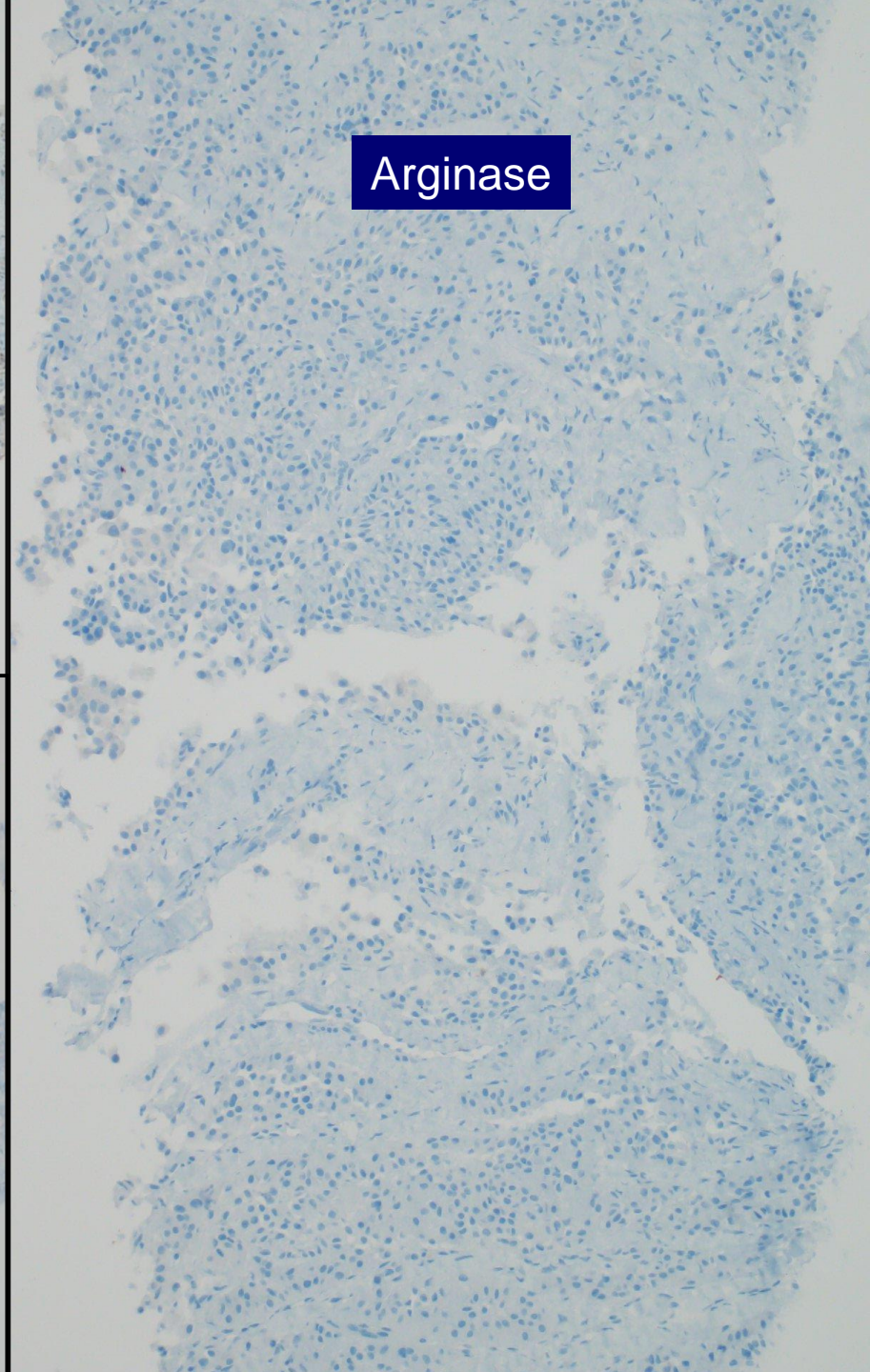




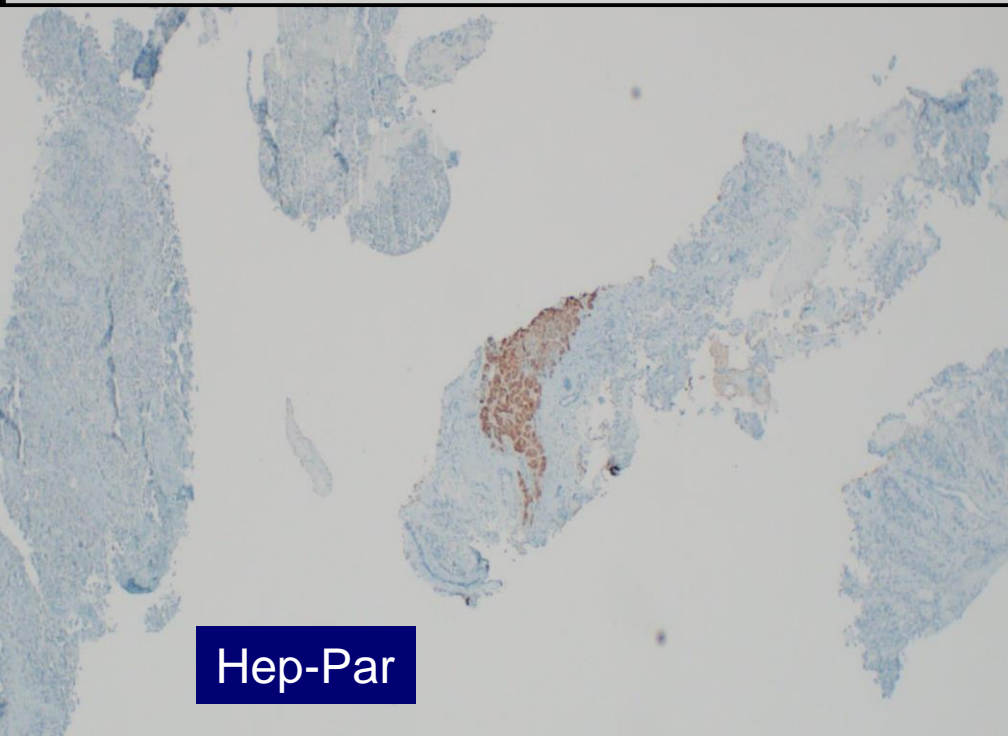
AFP



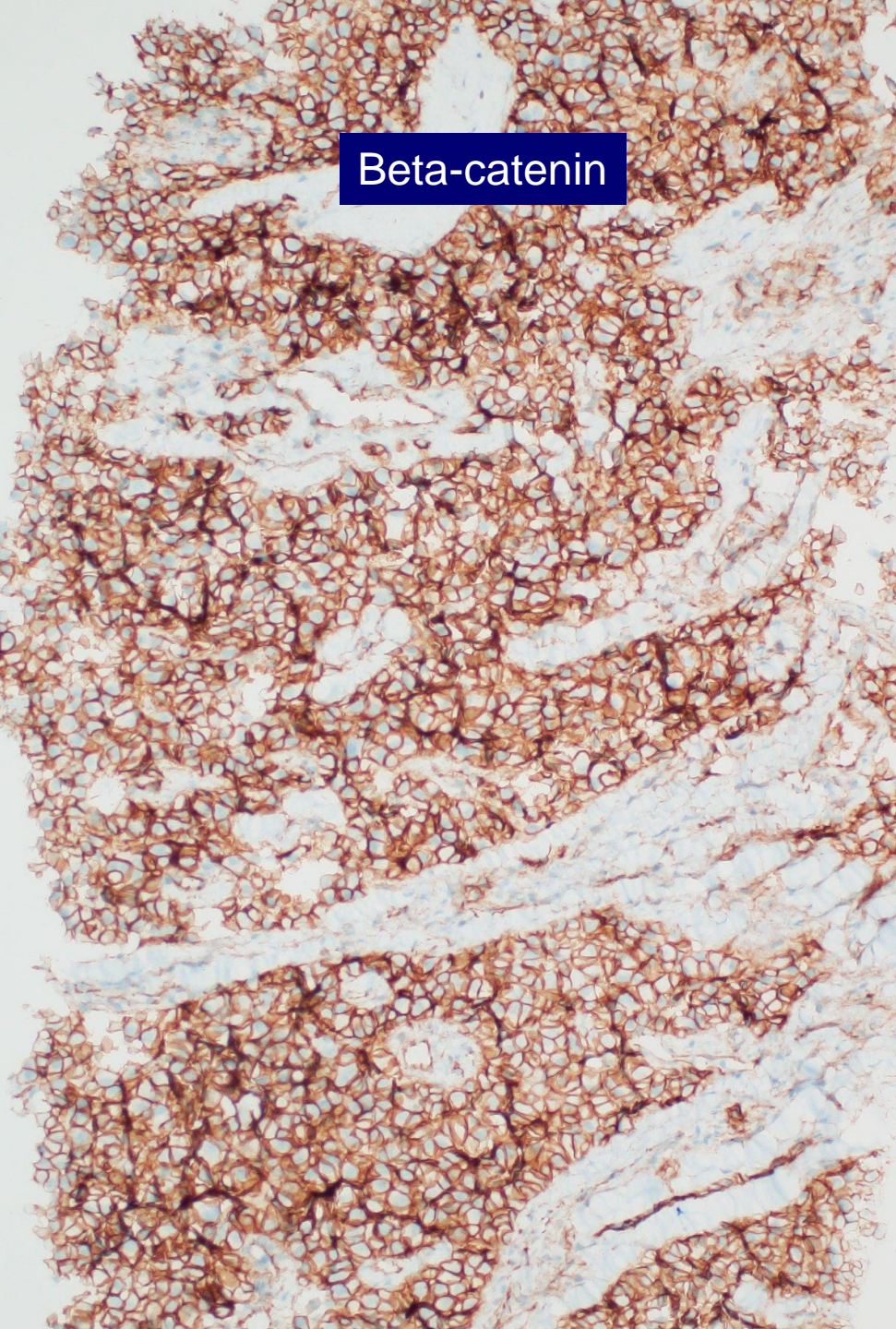
Arginase



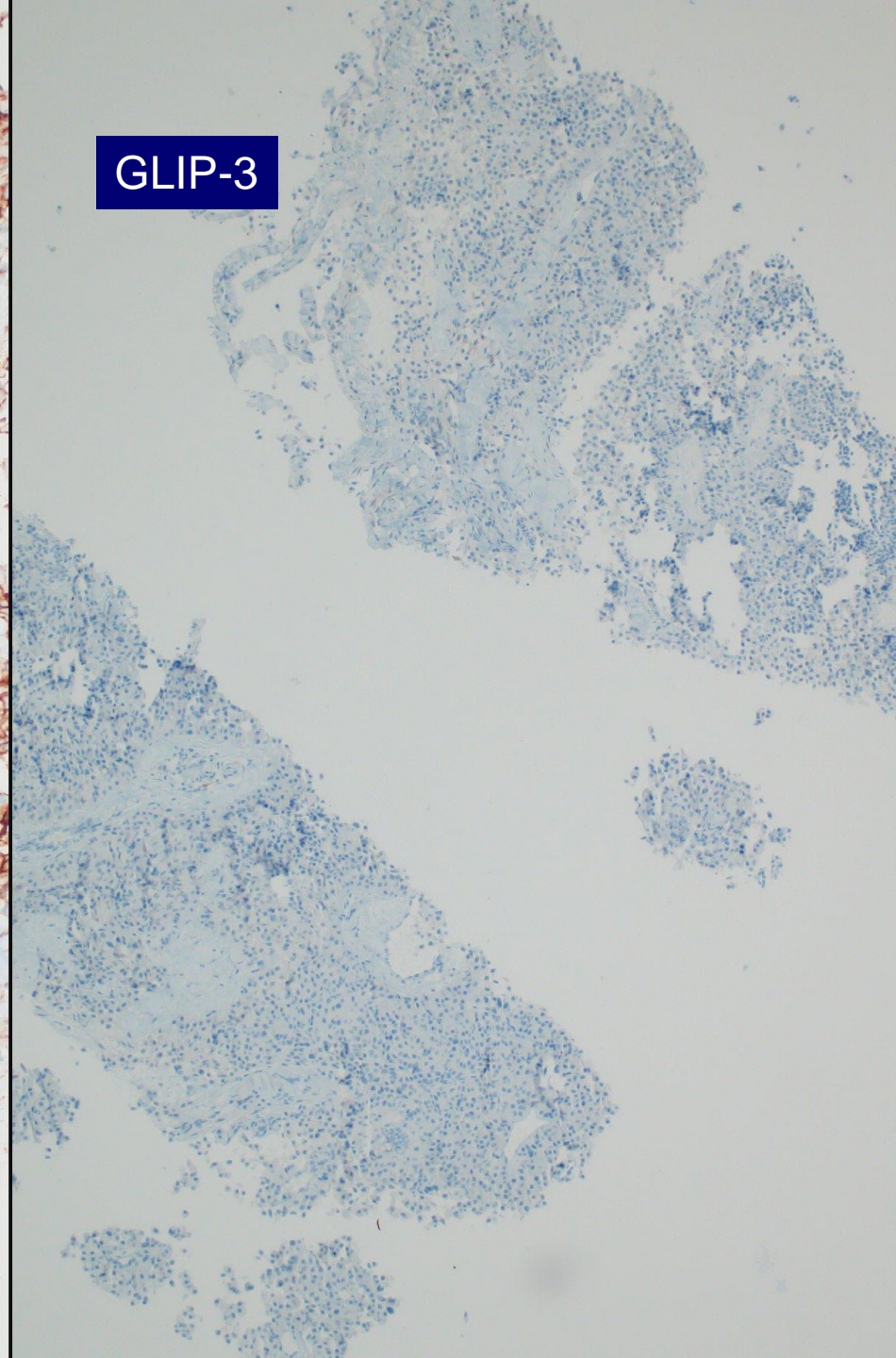
Hep-Par

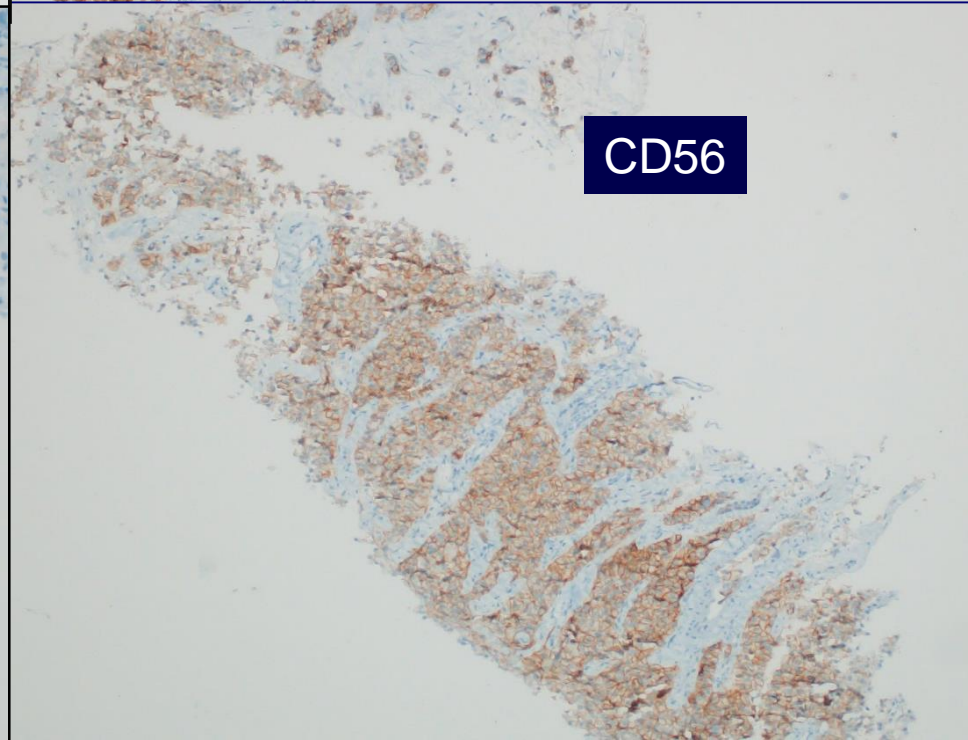
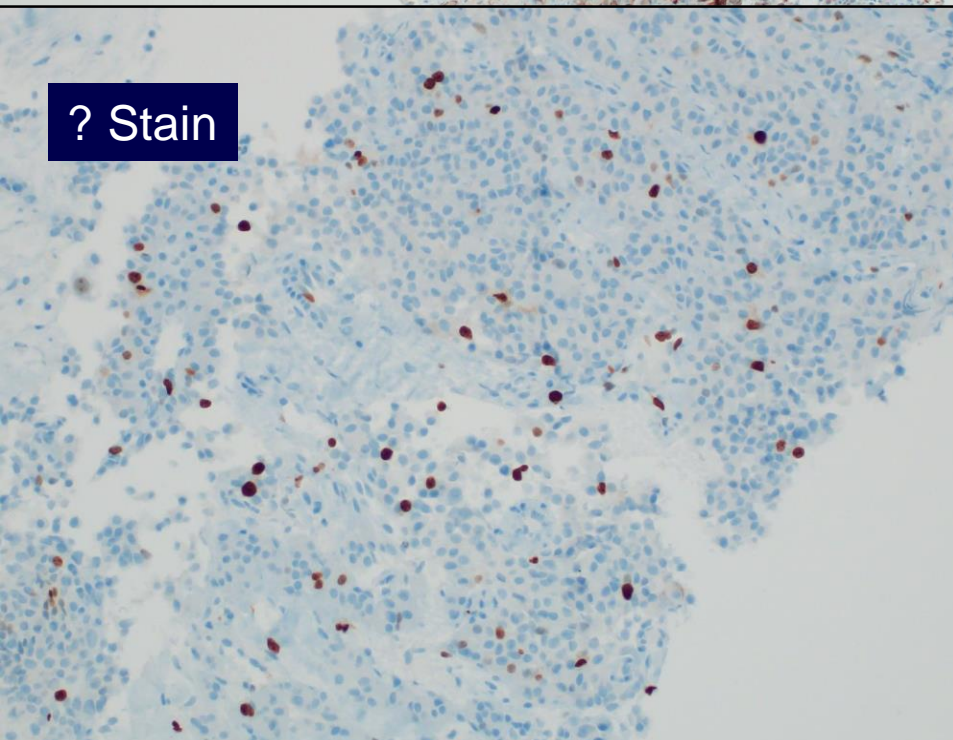
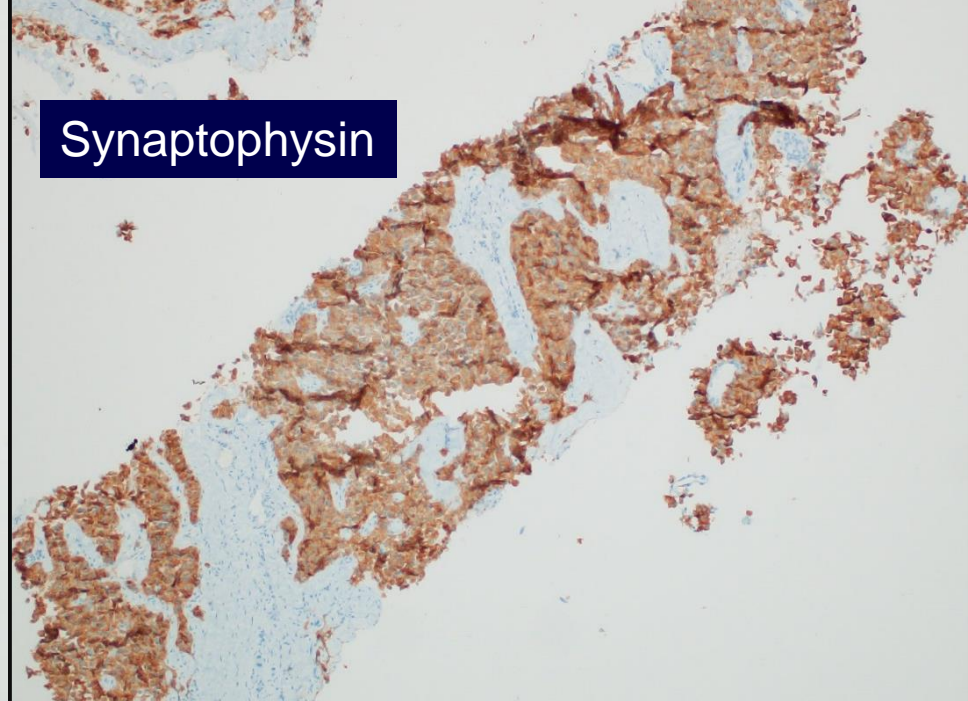
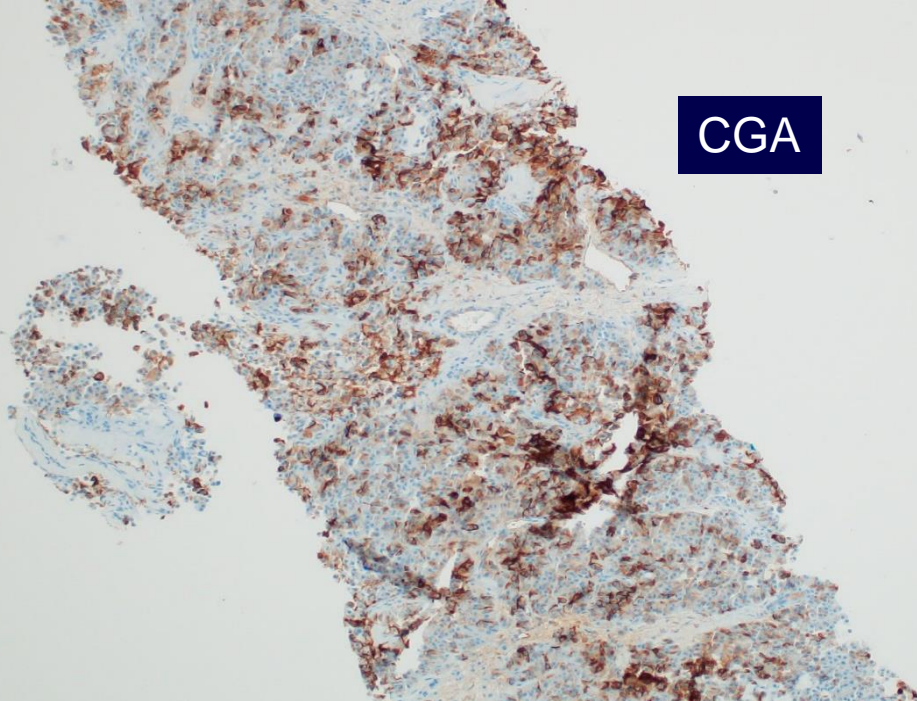


Beta-catenin



GLIP-3





Thank you!



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